Criminal Justice - 01/13/2014 4:00 PM Customized Agenda Order

**SB 494** by **Benacquisto**; (Identical to H 0445) Time Limitations

SB 526	by E	<b>Bradley</b> ; Se	exual Of	fenses		
599744	Α	S	RCS	CJ, Bradley	Delete L.53 - 226:	01/13 05:39 PM
676612	Α	S	RCS	CJ, Bradley	Delete L.711 - 714:	01/13 05:39 PM

**SB 528** by **Evers**; Sex Offenses

#### The Florida Senate

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

CRIMINAL JUSTICE Senator Evers, Chair Senator Smith, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, January 13, 2014

**TIME:** 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Mallory Horne Committee Room, 37 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Evers, Chair; Senator Smith, Vice Chair; Senators Altman, Bradley, Dean, Gibson, and

Simmons

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 494 Benacquisto (Identical H 445)	Time Limitations; Eliminating time limitations to the prosecution of specified criminal offenses relating to lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, or exhibition against a child if the victim was younger than 16 years of age at the time of the offense, etc.  CJ 01/13/2014 Favorable JU	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
		AP	
2	SB 526 Bradley	Sexual Offenses; Revising and creating offenses involving sexual battery; revising and creating offenses involving lewd or lascivious battery and molestation; assigning new offense severity rankings for lewd or lascivious molestation and sexual battery offenses; providing that sentence points are multiplied for specified sex offenses committed by an adult upon a minor under certain circumstances; authorizing a state attorney to move a court to make a written finding that an offense was a sexually motivated offense under certain circumstances; prohibiting award of gain-time for certain offenses, requiring split sentence for certain sexual offenses, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		CJ 01/13/2014 Fav/CS JU AP	
3	SB 528 Evers	Sex Offenses; Providing that voluntary disclosure of specified information waives a disclosure exemption for such information; requiring disclosure of additional information during the sexual predator registration process; adding additional offenses to the list of sexual offender qualifying offenses; providing criminal penalties for knowingly providing false registration information by act or omission; revising the criteria applicable to provisions that allow removal of the requirement to register as a sexual offender or sexual predator; updating provisions of the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code to reflect prior changes in the law, etc.	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
		CJ 01/13/2014 Favorable JU AP	

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

Criminal Justice
Monday, January 13, 2014, 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

		BILL DESCRIPTION and	
TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION

Other Related Meeting Documents

## The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Criminal Justice									
BILL:	SB 494									
INTRODUCER:	: Senator Benacquisto									
SUBJECT:	Time Limi	itations								
DATE:	January 9,	2014	REVISED:	01/13/14						
ANAL	YST	STAF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION				
1. Dugger		Cannon		CJ	Favorable					
2.				JU						
3.				AP						

#### I. Summary:

SB 494 eliminates the current statutory time limitation for bringing a criminal prosecution for lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of a child less than 16 years of age. (The current time limitation is three years for all such lewd or lascivious offenses except lewd or lascivious molestation punishable as a life felony. In that case, a criminal prosecution may be brought any time in the future.) Thus, prosecutions for lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, and exhibition that are currently punishable as second or third degree felonies will be able to be brought any time in the future for offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### **Statutes of Limitation in Criminal Cases**

Section 775.15, F.S., sets forth time limitations for commencing criminal prosecutions, commonly known as "statutes of limitation."

There were no statutes of limitation at common law. Rather, statutes of limitation are a statutory creation.<sup>1</sup>

In *State v. Hickman*, the court stated:

Statutes of limitation are construed as being acts of grace, and as a surrendering by the sovereign of its right to prosecute or of its right to prosecute at its discretion, and they are considered as equivalent to acts of amnesty. Such statutes are founded on the liberal theory that prosecutions should not be allowed to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> State v. McCloud, 67 So. 2d 242, 243 (Fla. 1953).

ferment endlessly in the files of the government to explode only after witnesses and proofs necessary to the protection of accused have by sheer lapse of time passed beyond availability. They serve, not only to bar prosecutions on aged and untrustworthy evidence, but also to cut off prosecution for crimes a reasonable time after completion, when no further danger to society is contemplated from the criminal activity.<sup>2</sup>

The time for prosecution of a criminal case starts to run on the day after the offense is committed.<sup>3</sup> An offense is deemed to have been committed when either every element of the offense has occurred, or, if it plainly appears that the legislative purpose is to prohibit a continuing course of conduct, at the time when the course of conduct or the defendant's duplicity therein is terminated.<sup>4</sup>

Section 775.15, F.S., provides the following time limitations for initiating a criminal prosecution for a felony offense:

- For a capital felony, a life felony, a felony resulting in death,<sup>5</sup> any sexual battery on a victim under 16,<sup>6</sup> a first degree felony sexual battery on a victim under 18,<sup>7</sup> or a first or second degree felony sexual battery on a victim 18 years or older and the victim reports the crime to law enforcement within 72 hours,<sup>8</sup> there is no time limitation;
- For any felony that results in injury to a person when the felony arises from the use of a destructive device, a ten-year limitation applies;<sup>9</sup>
- For a first degree felony, a four-year time limitation applies; <sup>10</sup> and
- For any other felony, a three-year time limitation applies. 11

The four and three-year time limitation periods are extended under the statute to five years for prosecutions involving securities transaction violations (ch. 517, F.S.), Medicaid provider fraud (s. 409.920, F.S.), insurance fraud by an employer (s. 440.105, F.S.), filing a false insurance claim (s. 817.234, F.S.), felony abuse against elderly persons or disabled adults (s. 825.102, F.S.), and environmental control felony violations (ch. 403, F.S.).

In addition to these enumerated time periods, the offenses of sexual battery, lewd or lascivious acts, and certain other felony offenses<sup>13</sup> may be prosecuted at any time after the date on which the offender's identity is established, or should have been established through the exercise of due diligence, through the analysis of DNA evidence (except that for offenses committed between

<sup>5</sup> Section 775.15(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State v. Hickman, 189 So. 2d 254, 262 (Fla. 2d DCA 1966).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 775.15(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 775.15(13)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 775.15(13)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 775.15 (13) and (14), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 775.15(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 775.15(2)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 775.15(2)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 775.15(8)-(11), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> These other felony offenses include aggravated battery or any felony battery offense under ch. 784, F.S., kidnapping or false imprisonment, sexual battery, lewd or lascivious offense, burglary, robbery, carjacking, and aggravated child abuse.

July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2006, an offender may be prosecuted within 1 year after the date on which the identity of the offender is established, or should have been established by the exercise of due diligence, through the analysis of DNA).<sup>14</sup>

Finally, if a victim of sexual battery, lewd or lascivious behavior, incest, "statutory rape" under former s. 794.05, F.S., or computer pornography is under the age of 18, the applicable period of limitation does not begin to run until the victim has reached the age of 18 or the violation is reported to a law enforcement or governmental agency, whichever occurs first.<sup>15</sup>

#### **Lewd or Lascivious Offenses**

Section 800.04, F.S., proscribes several lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of children less than 16 years of age, including lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, and exhibition.<sup>16</sup>

*Lewd or lascivious battery* occurs when a person engages in "sexual activity" with a child 12 years or older but less than 16 years; or encourages, forces, or entices a child less than 16 years to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual bestiality, prostitution, or any other act of sexual activity. Lewd or lascivious battery is punishable as a second degree felony. <sup>19</sup>

*Lewd or lascivious molestation* occurs when a person intentionally touches, in a lewd or lascivious manner, the breasts, genitals, genital area, buttocks, or the clothing covering them, of a child less than 16 years, or forces or entices the child to so touch the perpetrator.<sup>20</sup> It is a life felony if this offense is committed on a child less than 12 years by an offender 18 years or older.<sup>21</sup> It is a second degree felony if the child is less than 12 years and the offender is less than 18 years, or if the child is 12 years or older but less than 16 years and the offender is at least 18 years. It is a third degree felony if the child is 12 years or older but less than 16 years and the offender is less than 18 years.<sup>22</sup>

**Lewd or lascivious conduct** occurs when a person intentionally touches a child less than 16 years in a lewd or lascivious manner or solicits a child to commit a lewd or lascivious act. If the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Subsections 775.15(15) and (16), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 775.15(13)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 800.04(4)-(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> "Sexual activity" is defined as oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object; except for acts done for bona fide medical purposes. Section 800.04(1), ES

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 800.04(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The statutory punishment for a second degree felony is imprisonment not exceeding 15 years and a potential fine not exceeding \$10,000. Sections 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 800.04(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> If this offense is committed after September 1, 2005, it is punishable by imprisonment for life or a split sentence of not less than 25 years' imprisonment and not exceeding life imprisonment, followed by probation or community control for life. If it is a second or subsequent offense committed after July 1, 2008, it is punishable by life imprisonment. Section 775.082(3)(a)4., F.S. The potential fine may not exceed \$10,000. Section 775.083, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> A third degree felony is punishable by imprisonment not exceeding 5 years and a potential fine not exceeding \$5,000. Sections 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

offender is 18 years or older, it is a second degree felony. If the offender is less than 18 years, it is a third degree felony.<sup>23</sup>

*Lewd or lascivious exhibition* occurs when a person, in the presence of a child less than 16 years, intentionally masturbates, exposes the genitals in a lewd or lascivious manner, or intentionally commits any other sexual act that does not involve actual physical or sexual contact with the child. If the offender is 18 years or older, it is a second degree felony. If the offender is less than 18 years, it is a third degree felony.<sup>24</sup>

The only lewd or lascivious offense that does not currently have a statutory time limitation for bringing a criminal prosecution is lewd or lascivious molestation that is punishable as a life felony. <sup>25</sup> All the others have a three year time limitation because they are punishable as second or third degree felonies. <sup>26</sup> However, the three year time limitation does not begin to run until the victim has reached the age of 18 or the violation is reported to a law enforcement or governmental agency, whichever occurs first. <sup>27</sup>

#### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill eliminates the current statutory time limitation for bringing a prosecution for lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of a child less than 16 years. (The current time limitation is three years for all such lewd or lascivious offenses except lewd or lascivious molestation punishable as a life felony. In that instance, a prosecution may be brought any time in the future.) Thus, under the bill, prosecutions for lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, and exhibition that are currently punishable as second or third degree felonies will be able to be brought any time in the future for offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014.

The bill will take effect on July 1, 2014.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

	ctions
None.	

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 800.04(6), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 800.04(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See footnote 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> See footnote 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> See footnote 15.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

#### B. Private Sector Impact:

There could be an increase in the number of persons subjected to criminal punishment for lewd or lascivious offenses as a result of this bill.

#### C. Government Sector Impact:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference has not met to consider whether this bill will have any impact on prison beds.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 775.15 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 494

 ${\bf By}$  Senator Benacquisto

	30-00067-14 2014494_
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to time limitations; amending s.
3	775.15, F.S.; eliminating time limitations to the
4	prosecution of specified criminal offenses relating to
5	lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, or
6	exhibition against a child if the victim was younger
7	than 16 years of age at the time of the offense;
8	providing applicability; providing an effective date.
9	
10	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
11	
12	Section 1. Subsection (18) is added to section 775.15,
13	Florida Statutes, to read:
14	775.15 Time limitations; general time limitations;
15	exceptions
16	(18)(a) If the offense is a violation of s. 800.04 and the
17	victim was younger than 16 years of age at the time the offense
18	was committed, a prosecution of the offense may be commenced at
19	any time.
20	(b) Paragraph (a) applies to any offense committed on or
21	after October 1, 2014.
22	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 1 of 1

 ${\bf CODING:}$  Words  ${\bf stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$  are additions.

#### THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Appropriations, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health
and Human Services
Banking and Insurance
Education
Ethics and Elections
Gaming
Governmental Oversight and Accountability
Rules

#### SENATOR LIZBETH BENACQUISTO

Majority Leader 30th District

December 20, 2013

The Honorable Greg Evers Senate Criminal Justice, Chair 308 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: SB 494 – Time Limitations

Fighth Serrymot

Dear Mr. Chair:

Please allow this letter to serve as my respectful request to agenda SB 494, Relating to Time Limitations, for a public hearing at your earliest convenience.

Your kind consideration of this request is greatly appreciated. Please feel free to contact my office for any additional information.

Sincerely,

Lizbeth Benacquisto Senate District 30

Cc: Amanda Cannon

### THE FLORIDA SENATE

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Name Brian Pitts  Job Title Trustee	Bill Number 494  (if applicable)  Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address	Phone
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist  While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as main	registered with Legislature: Yes No
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/20/41)

#### THE FLORIDA SENATE

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	as stair conducting the meeting)
TopicTime_Limitations	Bill Number 494
Name Keri Silver	(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
Job Title	(if applicable)
Address Po Box 1565	Phone 850-524-2374
Tallahassel Fl 32302 City State Zip	E-mail <u>Reria rayborn consultants, com</u>
Speaking: Against Information	,
Representing Plorida Sherolls Association	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	t registered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permi meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as may	it all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this any persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

## The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

SUBJECT:	Sexual Offenses				
DATE:	January 13, 2014	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST STA	AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Erickson	Can	non	CJ	Fav/CS	
2.			JU		
3.			AP		

#### Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

### I. Summary:

CS/SB 526 makes significant changes to punishment of sex offenders by enhancing minimum sentences and maximum penalties for several sexual battery and lewd offenses and eliminating incentive gain-time eligibility. The bill also authorizes a court finding that an offense was sexually motivated, mandates community supervision of sex offenders who do not receive the maximum prison sentence, and ensures that offenders who are in the custody of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) as part of the civil commitment process and who are subject to conditional release supervision or community supervision will serve that supervision upon release from DCF custody.

Specifically, the bill:

- increases minimum sentence length of adult-on-minor sex offenses sentenced under the Criminal Punishment Code by creating a new sentence point multiplier;
- increases the felony degree (providing for longer sentences) for certain sex offenses involving sexual battery, lewd battery, and lewd molestation when the offenses were committed by an adult upon a minor or involved a repeat sex offense;
- prohibits incentive gain-time for offenders convicted of certain sexual offenses;
- allows prosecutors to request that a sentencing court make a written finding that an offense was sexually motivated;
- requires courts to order community supervision (by means of a split sentence) for certain sex offenders after their release from prison; and

• suspends (or tolls) post-release supervision of offenders while in DCF custody as part of the civil commitment process.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### Sex Offenses

Florida law punishes sexual battery and lewd acts. The bill enhances the felony degree of a number of these sex offenses. This part of the analysis describes those sex offenses which are amended by the bill by enhancing the felony degree of the offenses.

It is a first degree felony<sup>1</sup> ranked in Level 9 of the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart<sup>2</sup> for a person to commit sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older without that person's consent under any of the following circumstances:

- the victim is physically helpless to resist;
- the offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to use force or violence likely to cause serious personal injury on the victim, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the present ability to execute the threat;
- the offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate against the victim, or any other person, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the ability to execute the threat in the future;
- the offender, without the prior knowledge or consent of the victim, administers or has knowledge of someone else administering to the victim any narcotic, anesthetic, or other intoxicating substance that mentally or physically incapacitates the victim;
- the victim is mentally defective, and the offender has reason to believe this or has actual knowledge of this fact;
- the victim is physically incapacitated; or
- the offender is a certified law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer or is an elected official exempt from such certification by virtue of s. 943.253, F.S., or any other person in a position of control or authority in a probation, community control, controlled release, detention, custodial, or similar setting, and the officer, official, or person is acting in such a manner as to lead the victim to reasonably believe that the offender is in a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government.<sup>3</sup>

It is a second degree felony<sup>4</sup> ranked in Level 8<sup>5</sup> for a person to commit sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent if, in the process of committing the sexual battery, the offender does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A first degree felony is generally punishable by up to 30 years in state prison. Section 775.082, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 921.0022(3)(i), F.S. For a detailed discussion of level rankings, see the "Present Situation" section of this analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 794.011(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A second degree felony is punishable by up to 15 years in state prison. Section 775.082, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 921.0022(3)(h), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 794.011(5), F.S.

It is a first degree felony ranked in Level 9 for a person who is in a position of familial or custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age to engage in any act with that person while the person is 12 years of age or older but less than 18 years of age which constitutes sexual battery.<sup>7</sup>

It is a second degree felony ranked in Level 8 for a person to commit lewd or lascivious battery by:

- engaging in sexual activity with a person 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years of age; or
- encouraging, forcing, or enticing any person less than 16 years of age to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual bestiality, prostitution, or any other act involving sexual activity.<sup>8</sup>

A person who intentionally touches in a lewd or lascivious manner the breasts, genitals, genital area, or buttocks, or the clothing covering them, of a person less than 16 years of age, or forces or entices a person under 16 years of age to so touch the perpetrator, commits lewd or lascivious molestation. It is a second degree felony ranked in Level 7<sup>10</sup> for an offender 18 years of age or older to commit lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years of age. 11

#### **Criminal Punishment Code/Sentence Point Multipliers**

The Criminal Punishment Code (Code)<sup>12</sup> is Florida's framework or mechanism for determining permissible sentencing ranges for noncapital felonies. Noncapital felonies sentenced under the Code receive an offense severity level ranking (Levels 1-10).<sup>13</sup> Points are assigned and accrue based upon the level ranking (sentence points escalate as the level escalates) assigned to the primary offense and, if applicable, additional offenses, prior offenses, prior capital felonies, victim injury, legal status violations, community sanction violations, possession of a firearm, and prior serious felonies.<sup>14</sup>

Points accrued for any of these factors are part of the subtotal sentence points. Additionally, those points may be multiplied if any of five "enhancements" apply (the primary offense must qualify for enhancement): a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act (LEPA); a relevant drug trafficking conviction; repeat motor vehicle theft; a criminal gang-related offense; or an offense involving domestic violence in the presence of a child. These "enhancements" are called point multipliers. With the exception of the drug trafficking multiplier, subtotal sentence points must be multiplied if the multiplier applies. For example, if points are assessed only for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 794.011(8)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 800.04(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 800.04(5)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 921.0022(3)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 800.04(5)(c)2., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Sections 921.002-921.0027, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> A noncapital felony is ranked in one of two ways. The felony may be assigned a ranking by its placement in a specific ranking level in the Code's offense severity ranking chart. See s. 921.0022, F.S. However, if the offense is not ranked in the chart, it is assigned a ranking based on its felony degree as provided in s. 921.0023, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See 921.0024, F.S. Further discussion of Code sentencing is based on provisions of this statute, unless otherwise noted.

primary offense and an additional offense and the primary offense is manslaughter in violation of LEPA, the applicable LEPA multiplier is 2.0. This multiplier doubles the subtotal sentence points accrued for the primary offense plus the additional offense.

Total sentence points are derived from the subtotal sentence points. If no multiplier applies, the subtotal sentence points are the total sentence points; if a multiplier applies, the total sentence points are the subtotal sentence points as multiplied by the multiplier.

If total sentence points are less than or equal to 44 points, the lowest permissible sentence is any nonstate prison sanction (e.g., probation). Generally, the sentencing range is a nonprison sanction up to the maximum penalty for the felony degree of the primary offense. <sup>15</sup> For example, the maximum penalty for a third degree felony is 5 years in state prison. With one exception, the court may sentence the offender within the range of a nonprison sanction up to 5-years imprisonment. Sentences for multiple offenses may be imposed concurrently or consecutively.

The exception is when total sentence points are 22 points or less and the primary offense is a nonforcible felony that meets criteria in s. 775.082(10), F.S. In this case, there is no sentencing range. The court must impose a nonprison sanction, unless the court makes a written finding that such sentence would be a danger to the public.

If total sentence points are greater than 44 points, those points are subtracted from 28. This total is then multiplied by 0.75 to determine the lowest permissible sentence in prison months. <sup>16</sup> For example, if an offender's primary offense is a second degree felony and his or her total sentence points are 80 points, the 80 points are subtracted from 28, which equals 52 points. The 52 points are then multiplied by 0.75, which equals 39 months in prison. In this example, absent mitigation, <sup>17</sup> the sentencing range is 39 months in state prison up to 15 years in state prison (the maximum penalty for a second degree felony).

Sentence point multipliers can enhance punishment in one of two ways. First, absent a multiplier, a defendant might not score sufficient points to score a lowest permissible sentence of imprisonment. With the multiplier, points may be sufficient to score a lowest permissible sentence of imprisonment. Second, for those offenders who do score a sentence of imprisonment as the lowest permissible sentence (even without a multiplier), the multiplication of points provides for a significantly longer minimum sentence of imprisonment than if points were not multiplied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The maximum penalty for the felony degree is generally prescribed in s. 775.082, F.S. An exception is when the scored lowest permissible sentence exceeds the maximum penalty prescribed in s. 775.082, F.S. In this case, the scored lowest permissible sentence for the primary offense becomes both the minimum and maximum penalty for the primary offense.

<sup>16</sup> Mandatory minimum terms are an exception to general sentencing under the Code. "If the lowest permissible sentence is less than the mandatory minimum sentence, the mandatory minimum sentence takes precedence. If the lowest permissible sentence exceeds the mandatory sentence, the requirements of the ... Code and any mandatory minimum penalties apply." Rule 3.704(26) ("The Criminal Punishment Code"), Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The Code includes a list of 'mitigating' factors. See s. 921.0026, F.S. If a mitigating factor is found by the sentencing court, the court may decrease an offender's sentence below the lowest permissible sentence (a "downward departure"). A mandatory minimum term is not subject to these mitigating factors. *See State v. Vanderhoff*, 14 So.3d 1185 (Fla. 5th DCA 2009).

#### **Incentive Gain Time**

The DOC may grant up to 10 days per month of incentive gain-time to certain inmates as a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior. For each month an inmate works diligently, participates in training, uses time constructively, or otherwise engages in positive activities, the DOC may grant incentive gain-time on the date the inmate committed the offense which resulted in the incarceration. For offenses committed on or after October 1, 1995, the total amount of incentive gain-time cannot result in release of an inmate before serving a minimum of 85 percent of his or her court imposed sentence. <sup>18</sup> Inmates sentenced to life imprisonment are not entitled to gain time unless granted a pardon or clemency. <sup>19</sup>

#### **Sexually Violent Predators**

A sexually violent predator is a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense and who also suffers from a mental abnormality or personality disorder that makes him or her likely to engage in acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure facility for long-term control, care, and treatment. The Involuntary Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (Act) was passed in 1998 to address the treatment needs of these offenders. The Act creates a civil commitment process for sexually violent predators that is similar to Baker Act procedures for involuntary commitment and treatment of mentally ill persons. The process is administered by the Sexually Violent Predator Program (SVPP), a unit of the Department of Children and Families (DCF).

Sexually violent predators who are committed to the state under the Act are detained and receive treatment at the Florida Civil Commitment Center (FCCC) in Arcadia until the court determines that they no longer meet the criteria to be considered a sexually violent predator. On November 30, 2013, the FCCC housed 575 civilly committed predators and 80 detainees awaiting completion of commitment procedures.

#### Tolling Of Supervision While Housed at the Florida Civil Commitment Center (FCCC)

If a person who is civilly committed to the FCCC or detained in the FCCC while awaiting completion of civil commitment proceedings has been sentenced to a split sentence, the community supervision portion of the split sentence begins to run when the person is released from prison and continues to run while they are in the FCCC. In many cases, the Department of Corrections' community supervision sentence expires before they are released from the FCCC.

Currently, 185 offenders are serving community supervision in the FCCC. During the past fiscal year, six offenders had their sentences expire while in the FCCC and 20 offenders were released with a remaining period of community supervision.<sup>22</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 944.275(4)(b)3., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> *Id.* Life imprisonment sentences are given to capitol felonies which include sexual battery or attempted sexual battery when the victim is less than 12 and the offender is 18 or older (s. 794.011(2)(a), F.S.) and lewd molestation when the victim is under 12 and the offender is an adult (ss. 800.04(5)(b) and 775.082(3)(a)4.a., F.S.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 394.912, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Sections 394.910-394.932, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>E-mail from Will Kendrick, Legislative Director for the Department of Corrections (January 7, 2014) (on file with the Senate Committee on Criminal Justice).

#### Sex Offenders under Community Supervision by the Department of Corrections

An offender may be placed on community supervision after conviction of a felony, either immediately upon sentencing or after serving a prison sentence. Supervised offenders must comply with statutory terms and conditions as well as special terms and conditions imposed by the sentencing court or, for certain types of post-release supervision, by the Parole Commission. Offenders on community supervision report to and are monitored by probation officers employed by the DOC. Of those sex offenders released from prison in FY 2012-13, 66.1% had supervision upon release.

The vast majority of sex offenders (94%) under supervision were placed there by the judge at the original sentencing. Either the offender was sentenced directly to supervision and had no prison at all or the offender was serving a split sentence (prison with probation to follow). A small portion of the sex offenders (6%) under supervision were placed there because of a statutory requirement (conditional release).

As of July 31, 2013, 7740 offenders who are required to register as a sexual offender or a sexual predator were on community supervision, which is 5.3% of the total community supervision population of 145,462 offenders.

As of August 30, 2013, there were 6,327 offenders convicted of sex offenses under community supervision (4.4% of the total supervised population of 145,380). Of those, 2181 or 34.5% were tracked with electronic monitoring, which is a mandatory condition of supervision for certain sex offenses. The vast majority of the 6,327 were under supervision via a judge's original sentence (5,926 or 94%). This means the judge directly sentenced the offender to supervision (e.g., sex offender probation) without prison OR the offender is serving a split sentence, meaning he or she served a prison sentence followed by a required supervision term. The remaining 401 offenders (6%) are serving a post-prison supervision term. In most cases, these are conditional release offenders who have served 85% of their prison sentences and are serving the remaining 15% under community supervision.<sup>23</sup>

Offenders on community supervision for certain sex offenses committed against a child have conditions restricting them from:

- living near schools and other places where children regularly congregate;
- working or volunteering at any place where children regularly congregate, or
- having unsupervised contact with a minor.

In recent years, mandatory conditions of supervision for sex offenders were expanded to prohibit certain activities such as distributing candy at Halloween and visiting schools without the prior approval of the probation officer.

Residency restrictions and employment restrictions apply to offenders who committed certain sex offenses even if they have completed their sentences and are not on community supervision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See s. 947.1405, F.S.

Local ordinances may impose additional residence restrictions, including wider exclusion zones and additional areas of exclusion.

Offenders on community supervision for a sex offense are more likely to have supervision revoked for a technical violation than are other offenders on community supervision. Four hundred twenty seven (427) sex offenders had supervision revoked for misconduct during FY 2011-2012, with 74% of them revoked for a technical violation and 26% revoked for a new crime. By contrast, 34,095 other offenders had community supervision revoked for misconduct during the same time period, with 39% revoked for a technical violation and 61% revoked for a new crime.

#### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill makes significant changes to punishment of sex offenders by enhancing minimum sentences and maximum penalties for several sexual battery and lewd offenses and eliminating incentive gain-time eligibility. The bill also authorizes a court finding that an offense was sexually motivated, mandates community supervision of sex offenders who do not receive the maximum prison sentence, and ensures that offenders who are in the custody of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) as part of the civil commitment process and who are subject to conditional release supervision or community supervision will serve that supervision upon release from DCF custody.

The bill provides for severability of any provision of the bill or its application held to be invalid. The bill takes effect October 1, 2014.

#### **Enhances the Felony Degree of Certain Sex Offenses (Sections 1-3)**

The bill enhances punishment for a variety of sex offenses. Specifically, the bill increases the felony degree (thereby providing for longer sentences) of several sexual battery, lewd battery, and lewd molestation offenses.

Section 794.011, F.S., which addresses sexual battery, is amended to increase from a first degree felony (up to 30 years imprisonment) to a first degree felony punishable by up to life imprisonment the following offenses:<sup>24</sup>

- sexual battery of a minor by a person who has custodial authority over the minor;
- sexual battery by an adult on a person 12-17 years of age when the sexual battery involves a specified circumstance (such as the victim being physically helpless to resist); and
- sexual battery on a person 12 years of age or older when the sexual battery involves a specified circumstance and the offender has previously been convicted of a specified sexual battery or lewd felony.<sup>25</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> As previously indicated in this analysis, generally, a first degree felony is punishable by up to 30 years in state prison under s. 775.082, F.S. However, this section also provides that a first degree felony may be punished by a term of years not exceeding life imprisonment when specifically provided by statute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The sex offenses involve kidnapping and false imprisonment (ss. 787.01(2) and 797.02(3), F.S.); sexual battery offenses (chapter 794, F.S., excluding s. 794.011(10), F.S.); lewd acts against a child (ss. 800.04 and s. 847.0135(5), F.S.); and lewd acts against an elderly person or disabled person (s. 825.1025, F.S.).

The bill furthers amends s. 794.011, F.S., to increase from a second degree felony (up to 15 years imprisonment) to a first degree felony (up to 30 years imprisonment) the following offenses:

- sexual battery by an adult on a person 12–17 years of age when the sexual battery does not involve violence likely to cause serious physical injury; and
- sexual battery on a person 12 years of age or older when the sexual battery does not involve violence likely to cause serious physical injury and the offender has previously been convicted of a specified sexual battery or lewd felony.<sup>26</sup>

The bill amends s. 800.04, F.S., which addresses lewd acts, to increase from a second degree felony (up to 15 years imprisonment) to a first degree felony (up to 30 years imprisonment) the following offenses:

- lewd battery by an adult on a 12-15 year-old child when the offender has previously been convicted of a sexual battery or lewd felony; and
- lewd molestation by an adult on a 12-15 year-old child victim when the offender has previously been convicted of a specified sexual battery or lewd felony.<sup>27</sup>

The bill amends s. 921.0022, F.S., the offense severity ranking chart of Criminal Punishment Code (Code), to modify statutory references and descriptive language. While the bill increases the felony degree of certain sexual conduct, it does not increase the ranking level currently assigned to this conduct. The "enhancements" impact the maximum penalty, not the minimum sentence, which is impacted by a different provision of the bill that provides for a sentence point multiplier.

#### Creates a Sentence Point Multiplier for Certain Adult-on-Minor Sex Offenses (Section 4)

The bill creates a sentence point multiplier for an adult-on-minor sex offense. This multiplier will double sentence points, resulting in some sex offenders receiving a minimum prison sentence and other sex offenders receiving a significantly longer minimum prison sentence.

Specifically, the bill amends s. 921.0024, F.S., the Criminal Punishment Code worksheet, to provide that subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0 if the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1, 2014, and is:

- kidnapping a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of that offense, committing sexual battery or a lewd act against the child (s. 787.01(3)(a)2. and 3., F.S.);
- false imprisonment of a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of that offense, committing sexual battery or a lewd act against the child (s. 787.02(3)(a)2. and 3., F.S.);
- sexual battery (s. 794.011, F.S., excluding s. 794.011(10), F.S.);
- unlawful sexual activity committed on a minor 16 or 17 years of age (s. 794.05, F.S.); or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> *Id*.

• lewd acts against a child (s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5), F.S.).

If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, F.S., the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

The point multiplier can impact sentencing of some sex offenders by increasing points to a threshold in which the offenders would score a lowest permissible sentence of imprisonment. For example, a first-time offender whose subtotal sentence points are based only on points scored for the primary offense of computer-transmitted lewd exhibition,<sup>28</sup> a Level 5 offense,<sup>29</sup> scores a nonprison sanction as the lowest permissible sentence. Under the bill, this offense qualifies for the 2.0 point multiplier, and as a result of the doubling of points, the offender's lowest permissible sentence is 21 months in prison.

The point multiplier can also impact sentencing of some sex offenders who score a lowest permissible sentence of imprisonment (even without the multiplier). The doubling of points substantially increases minimum sentence length for the primary offense. For example, under current law, an offender who accrues 172 subtotal sentence points as a result of points accrued for a primary offense of second degree felony sexual battery<sup>30</sup> and points accrued for other factors scores a lowest permissible sentence of 108 months in prison (approximately 9 years). Under the bill, this offense qualifies for the 2.0 point multiplier, and as a result of the doubling of points, the sentence length increases from 108 months in prison to 237 months in prison. However, because this number of months exceeds the maximum penalty of 15 years provided in s. 775.082, F.S., for the second degree felony primary offense, the adjusted prison sentence length is 15 years in prison. Therefore, the length of offender's sentence for the sexual battery offense increases from 9 years in prison to 15 years in prison.

#### **Prohibits Certain Sex Offenders from Receiving Incentive Gain-time (Section 6)**

The bill prohibits the award of incentive gain-time to reduce the sentence for certain sexually violent offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014. As a result, the offender would be required to serve all of the imposed sentence.<sup>31</sup> The offenses for which gain-time would be prohibited are:

- all specifically-designated sexually violent offenses (listed in s. 394.912(9)(a)-(e), F.S.), except falsely accusing a government official of abusing authority to commit sexual battery;<sup>32</sup>
- unlawful sexual activity committed on a minor 16 or 17 years of age;<sup>33</sup> and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Section 847.0135(5)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Section 921.0022(3)(e), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Section 794.011(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> An exception is that an offender who is prohibited from receiving gain-time could still be awarded from 1 day to 60 days of meritorious gain time for performing an outstanding deed (such as saving a life or assisting in the capture of an escaped inmate) or an outstanding service. Meritorious gain-time can be awarded pursuant to s. 944.275(4)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Section 794.011(10), F.S. The bill does not specify whether the prohibition against awarding gain-time for these offenses applies to attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit the offense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Section 794.05, F.S.

• lewd acts against an elderly person or disabled person (s. 825.1025, F.S.).

#### **Authorizes Court Finding that an Offense was Sexually Motivated (Section 5)**

A person can be found to be a sexually violent predator based upon conviction of an offense that is not specifically designated as a sexually violent offense. Section 394.912(9)(h), F.S., provides that any offense that is found to be sexually motivated beyond a reasonable doubt is a sexually violent offense. A finding of sexual motivation can be made either at the time of sentencing or during the civil commitment proceedings. The bill provides more specific direction that the state attorney may move the court to make a written finding on the record that an offense is sexually motivated. In making such a finding, the judge must consider the circumstances of the case and a victim impact statement.

#### **Tolls Community Supervision During Time Offender is in DCF Custody (Sections 7 and 8)**

The bill amends s. 947.1405, F.S. (concerning conditional release), and s. 948.012, F.S. (concerning probation and community control), to provide that the running of community supervision is tolled during the time that a person is in DCF custody pursuant to the Sexually Violent Predators Act. The tolling will apply to all community supervision that begins on or after October 1, 2014, regardless of when the underlying offense was committed.

Tolling of community supervision will preserve the period of supervision until after the person is released from detention or commitment in the FCCC. This will allow community supervision to serve its intended purposes, including monitoring the person in the community rather than in a secure and controlled environment.

## Mandates Community Supervision of Certain Sex Offenders who do not Receive Maximum Prison Sentence (Section 8)

The bill amends s. 948.012, F.S., relating to split sentences of probation or community control, to require that courts impose a split sentence with mandatory community supervision for certain sex offenders who do not receive the maximum prison sentence.

Section 948.012(1), F.S., currently provides that when the court prescribes imprisonment, the court *may*, at time of sentencing, impose a split sentence whereby the defendant is placed on probation or community control upon completion of any specified period of imprisonment.

Under the bill and effective for offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014, if the court imposes a term of years in accordance with s. 775.082, F.S., which is less than the maximum sentence for the offense, the court *must* impose a split sentence pursuant to s. 948.012(1), F.S., for any person who is convicted of:

- murder while engaged in sexual battery (s. 782.04(1)(a)2.c., F.S.);
- kidnapping a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of that offense, committing sexual battery or a lewd act against the child (s. 787.01(3)(a)2. and 3., F.S.);
- false imprisonment of a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of that offense, committing sexual battery or a lewd act against the child (s. 787.02(3)(a)2. and 3., F.S.);

- sexual battery (s. 794.011, F.S.);
- lewd acts against a child (s. 800.04, F.S., or s. 847.0135(5), F.S.); or
- lewd acts against an elderly person or disabled person (s. 825.1025, F.S.).

The probation or community control portion of the split sentence must extend for at least 2 years. However, if the term of years imposed by the court extends to within 2 years of the maximum sentence for the offense, the probation or community control portion of the split sentence must extend for the remainder of the maximum sentence.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference (CJIC) provides the final, official estimate of the prison bed impact, if any, of criminal legislation. The CJIC has not yet met. The Office of Economic and Demographic Research of the Legislature and the Department of Corrections have provided preliminary estimates of the impact of several provisions of the bill. However, actual appropriations associated with passage of the bill will depend on a number of factors, including the existing inventory of prison beds.

#### **Felony Degree Enhancements**

The bill increases the felony degree (providing for longer sentences) for certain sex offenses involving sexual battery, lewd battery, and lewd molestation when the sexual or lewd acts were committed by an adult upon a minor or involved a repeat sex offense. The EDR states that the impact of these changes is indeterminate. Since the bill only changes the felony degree of these offenses (not the Code ranking), there is no way to model changes.

#### **Sentence Point Multiplier**

The bill increases minimum sentence length of adult-on-minor sex offenses sentenced under the Criminal Punishment Code by creating a new sentence point multiplier. The EDR estimates a cumulative \$34.1 million fixed capital outlay cost (398 beds) and a cumulative \$19.6 million operational cost after 7 years. Total costs (FY 2012-15 to FY 2020-21): \$53.7 million.

	Fiscal Impact of Sex Offense Adult-on-Minor Multiplier October 1, 2014 Effective Date						
	Projected	Projected Additional Annual	FUNDS REQUIRED				
	Cumulative	Prison	Annual Annual TOTAL TOTAL				
Fiscal	Prison Beds	Beds	Operating Fixed Capital Annual Cumulative				
Year	Required	Required	Costs	Outlay Costs	Funds	Funds	
2014-2015	2	2	\$18,868	\$1,737,316	\$1,756,184	\$1,756,184	
2015-2016	28	26	\$287,550	\$3,146,682	\$3,434,232	\$5,190,416	
2016-2017	77	49	\$1,024,538	\$4,112,894	\$5,137,432	\$10,327,848	
2017-2018	139	62	\$2,145,528	\$4,687,170	\$6,832,698	\$17,160,546	
2018-2019	208	69	\$3,515,804	\$6,437,460	\$9,953,264	\$27,113,810	
2019-2020	301	93	\$5,255,171	\$6,835,202	\$12,090,373	\$39,204,182	
2020-2021	398	97	\$7,361,169	\$7,173,500	\$14,534,669	\$53,738,851	
TOTAL	398	398	\$19,608,627	\$34,130,224	\$53,738,851	\$53,738,851	

Prepared by Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research, October 30, 2013.

#### **Incentive Gain-Time Prohibition**

The bill prohibits incentive gain-time for offenders convicted of certain sexual offenses. The EDR estimates a cumulative \$20.7 million fixed capital outlay cost (247 beds) and a cumulative \$10.8 million operational cost after 7 years. Total costs (FY 2012-15 to FY 2020-21): \$31.6 million.

Fiscal Impact of Eliminating Incentive Gain Time for Certain Sex Offenders							
	Projected	Projected Additional Annual	FUNDS REQUIRED				
	Cumulative	Prison	Annual Annual TOTAL TOTAL				
Fiscal	Prison Beds	Beds	Operating	Fixed Capital	Annual	Cumulative	
Year	Required	Required	Costs	Outlay Costs	Funds	Funds	
2014-2015	0	0	\$0	\$496,376	\$496,376	\$496,376	
2015-2016	8	8	\$76,680	\$1,284,360	\$1,361,040	\$1,857,416	
2016-2017	28	20	\$351,270	\$2,321,795	\$2,673,065	\$4,530,481	
2017-2018	63	35	\$903,903	\$3,736,150	\$4,640,053	\$9,170,534	
2018-2019	118	55	\$1,833,892	\$4,776,180	\$6,610,072	\$15,780,606	
2019-2020	187	69	\$3,148,973	\$4,227,960	\$7,376,933	\$23,157,539	
2020-2021	247	60	\$4,570,454	\$3,945,425	\$8,515,879	\$31,673,418	
TOTAL	247	247	\$10,885,172	\$20,788,246	\$31,673,418	\$31,673,418	

Prepared by Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research, October 28, 2013.

#### **Combined Sentence Point Multiplier and Incentive Gain-Time Prohibition**

The EDR estimates a cumulative \$49.8 million fixed capital outlay cost (628 beds) a cumulative \$29.3 million in operating costs after 7 years for the incentive gain-time

prohibition and the sentence point multiplier. Total costs (FY 2012-15 to FY 2020-21): \$79.1 million.

Fiscal Impact of Eliminating Incentive Gain Time for Specified Sex Offenders AND Sex Offense Adult-on-Minor Multiplier October 1, 2014 Effective Date							
	Projected	Projected Additional Annual	FUNDS REQUIRED				
	Cumulative	Prison	Annual Annual TOTAL TOTAL				
Fiscal	Prison Beds	Beds	Operating Fixed Capital Annual Cumulative				
Year	Required	Required	Costs	Outlay Costs	Funds	Funds	
2014-2015	2	2	\$18,868	\$1,923,457	\$1,942,325	\$1,942,325	
2015-2016	31	29	\$316,305	\$4,302,606	\$4,618,911	\$6,561,236	
2016-2017	98	67	\$1,258,718	\$6,501,026	\$7,759,744	\$14,320,980	
2017-2018	196	98	\$2,920,302	\$8,151,600	\$11,071,902	\$25,392,882	
2018-2019	316	120	\$5,187,584	\$10,521,440	\$15,709,024	\$41,101,906	
2019-2020	468	152	\$8,094,408	\$11,274,560	\$19,368,968	\$60,470,874	
2020-2021	628	160	\$11,541,976	\$7,173,500	\$18,715,476	\$79,186,350	
TOTAL	628	628	\$29,338,161	\$49,848,189	\$79,186,350	\$79,186,350	

Prepared by Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research, October 30, 2013.

#### **Tolling Post-Release Supervision**

The bill suspends (or tolls) post-release supervision of offenders while in DCF custody as part of the civil commitment process.

The DOC states that this provision will involve a very limited percentage of the supervised population, thus the impact is negligible. Beyond that, the overall count under supervision is unaffected by the tolling provision. What does change is when the supervision occurs in relation to the prison release date. The same total number of offenders will be supervised, either in the DCF facility or in the open community after release from the DCF facility.<sup>34</sup>

#### **Mandatory Community Supervision (Split Sentence)**

The bill requires that courts impose a split sentence with mandatory community supervision for certain sex offenders who do not receive the maximum prison sentence. The probation or community control portion of the split sentence must extend for at least 2 years. However, if the term of years imposed by the court extends to within 2 years of the maximum sentence for the offense, the probation or community control portion of the split sentence must extend for the remainder of the maximum sentence.

The DOC states that the mandatory minimum 2 years of post-prison supervision will have limited impact. In FY 2012-13, there were approximately 1,300 sex offenders released (based on offenses specified in the bill). Of those inmates, 900 had supervision to follow (either a split sentence or conditional release). The remaining 400 inmates had an average time between offense and prison release of 11 years. Therefore, since the bill would apply only to future offenses, the DOC expects that the mandatory split provision

<sup>34</sup> E-mail from Will Kendrick, Legislative Director for the Department of Corrections (January 8, 2014) (on file with the Senate Committee on Criminal Justice).

would not be a significant increase in supervision population during the first years of implementation. The DOC notes that the average time between offense and prison release will only increase because of the other provisions of the bill that encourage longer sentences and prohibit gain time for these inmates.<sup>35</sup>

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 794.011, 800.04, 921.0022, 921.0024, 921.30, 944.275, 947.1405, and 948.012.

#### IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Criminal Justice on January 13, 2014:

Corrects statutory references in provisions of the bill that enhance the felony degree of certain sex offenses and creates an adult-on-minor sentence point multiplier.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> *Id*.

# LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/13/2014

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

#### Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 53 - 226

4 and insert:

(d) If a person who has previously been convicted of a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s.

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787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 847.0135(5); or this chapter, excluding subsection (10) of this section, commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older without that person's consent, under any of the circumstances listed in paragraph (e), such person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable by a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

- (e) The following circumstances apply to paragraphs (a)-(d):
  - 1. (a) When The victim is physically helpless to resist.
- 2. (b) When The offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to use force or violence likely to cause serious personal injury on the victim, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the present ability to execute the threat.
- 3.(c) When The offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate against the victim, or any other person, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the ability to execute the threat in the future.
- 4.(d) When The offender, without the prior knowledge or consent of the victim, administers or has knowledge of someone else administering to the victim any narcotic, anesthetic, or other intoxicating substance that which mentally or physically incapacitates the victim.
- 5.(e) When The victim is mentally defective, and the offender has reason to believe this or has actual knowledge of this fact.
  - 6.(f) When The victim is physically incapacitated.
  - 7.<del>(g)</del> When The offender is a law enforcement officer,

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correctional officer, or correctional probation officer as defined in  $\frac{by}{s}$  s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), who is certified under the provisions of s. 943.1395 or is an elected official exempt from such certification by virtue of s. 943.253, or any other person in a position of control or authority in a probation, community control, controlled release, detention, custodial, or similar setting, and such officer, official, or person is acting in such a manner as to lead the victim to reasonably believe that the offender is in a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government.

- (5) (a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older but younger than 18 years of age, without that person's consent, and in the process thereof does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a felony of the first second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.
- (b) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon a person 18 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.
- (c) A person younger than 18 years of age who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

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who:



(d) If a person who has previously been convicted of a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 847.0135(5); or this chapter, excluding subsection (10) of this section, commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury, such person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. (6) (a) The offenses offense described in paragraphs (5) (a) -(c) are subsection (5) is included in any sexual battery offense charged under subsection (3) or subsection (4). (b) The offense described in paragraph (5) (a) is included in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(a). (c) The offense described in paragraph (5)(b) is included in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(b). (d) The offense described in paragraph (5)(c) is included in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(c). (e) The offense described in paragraph (5)(d) is included in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(d). (8) Without regard to the willingness or consent of the victim, which is not a defense to prosecution under this

subsection, a person who is in a position of familial or

custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age and

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- (b) Engages in any act with that person while the person is 12 years of age or older but younger <del>less</del> than 18 years of age which constitutes sexual battery under paragraph (1) (h) commits a felony of the first degree, punishable by a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (9) For prosecution under paragraph (4)(a), paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d) which involves an offense committed under any of the circumstances listed in subparagraph (4)(e)7. paragraph (4)(g), acquiescence to a person reasonably believed by the victim to be in a position of authority or control does not constitute consent, and it is not a defense that the perpetrator was not actually in a position of control or authority if the circumstances were such as to lead the victim to reasonably believe that the person was in such a position.
- (10) A Any person who falsely accuses a any person listed in subparagraph (4)(e)7. paragraph (4)(g) or other person in a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government of violating paragraph (4)(a), paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d) commits  $\frac{(4)(g)}{(g)}$  is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Section 2. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 800.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 800.04 Lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of persons less than 16 years of age.-
  - (4) LEWD OR LASCIVIOUS BATTERY. A person who:
  - (a) A person commits lewd or lascivious battery by:



127 1. Engaging in sexual activity with a person 12 years of 128 age or older but less than 16 years of age; or 129 2. Encouraging, forcing, or enticing any person less than 16 years of age to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual 130 131 bestiality, prostitution, or any other act involving sexual 132 activity. 133 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), an offender who 134 commits lewd or lascivious battery commits a felony of the 135 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 136 or s. 775.084. 137 (c) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd 138 or lascivious battery commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, 139 140 if the offender has previously been convicted of a violation of 141 this section or a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if 142 the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a 143 144 sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 145 146 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; chapter 794, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 147 800.04; s. 825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5). (a) Engages in sexual activity with a person 12 years of 148 149 age or older but less than 16 years of age; or 150 (b) Encourages, forces, or entices any person less than 16 151 years of age to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual 152 bestiality, prostitution, or any other act involving sexual 153 activity 154 commits lewd or lascivious battery, a felony of the second 155

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degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, 775.084.

- (5) LEWD OR LASCIVIOUS MOLESTATION. -
- (a) A person who intentionally touches in a lewd or lascivious manner the breasts, genitals, genital area, or buttocks, or the clothing covering them, of a person less than 16 years of age, or forces or entices a person under 16 years of age to so touch the perpetrator, commits lewd or lascivious molestation.
- (b) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim less than 12 years of age commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082(3)(a)4.
- (c) 1. An offender less than 18 years of age who commits lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim less than 12 years of age; or
- 2. An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years of age

commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (d) An offender less than 18 years of age who commits lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years of age commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (e) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or



older but less than 16 years of age commits a felony of the
first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
or s. 775.084, if the offender has previously been convicted of
a violation of this section or a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s.
787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor
and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant
committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under
s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2.
or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; chapter 794, excluding s.
794.011(10); s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5).

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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
01/13/2014	•	
	•	
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The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

#### Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 711 - 714

and insert: 4

> 2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s.

787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 10

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By Senator Bradley

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to sexual offenses; amending s. 794.011, F.S.; revising and creating offenses involving sexual battery; increasing felony degree of certain sexual battery offenses; amending s. 800.04, F.S.; revising and creating offenses involving lewd or lascivious battery and molestation; increasing felony degree of certain lewd or lascivious battery and molestation offenses; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; assigning new offense severity rankings for lewd or lascivious molestation and sexual battery offenses; amending s. 921.0024, F.S.; providing that sentence points are multiplied for specified sex offenses committed by an adult upon a minor under certain circumstances; creating s. 921.30, F.S.; authorizing a state attorney to move a court to make a written finding that an offense was a sexually motivated offense under certain circumstances; amending s. 944.275, F.S.; prohibiting award of gain-time for certain offenses; amending s. 947.1405, F.S.; providing for tolling of conditional release supervision; providing applicability; amending s. 948.012, F.S.; requiring split sentence for certain sexual offenses; providing for tolling of probation or community control; providing applicability; providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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30	Section 1. Subsections (4), (5), and (6), paragraph (b) of		
31	subsection (8), and subsections (9) and (10) of section 794.011,		
32	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:		
33	794.011 Sexual battery		
34	(4) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ A person $\underline{\text{18 years of age or older}}$ who commits sexual		
35	battery upon a person 12 years of age or older <u>but younger than</u>		
36	18 years of age without that person's consent, under any of the		
37	following circumstances <u>listed in paragraph (e)</u> , commits a		
38	felony of the first degree, punishable $\underline{\text{by a term of years not}}$		
39	exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s.		
40	775.084, or s. 794.0115 <u>.</u> ÷		
41	(b) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual		
42	battery upon a person 18 years of age or older without that		
43	person's consent, under any of the circumstances listed in		
44	paragraph (e), commits a felony of the first degree, punishable		
45	as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s.		
46	<u>794.0115.</u>		
47	(c) A person younger than 18 years of age who commits		
48	sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older without		
49	that person's consent, under any of the circumstances listed in		
50	paragraph (e), commits a felony of the first degree, punishable		
51	as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s.		
52	<u>794.0115.</u>		
53	(d) If a person who has previously been convicted of $\underline{a}$		
54	<u>violation of s. 787.01(2), s. 787.02(3), s. 800.04, s. 825.1025,</u>		
55	or s. 847.0135(5) or a violation of this chapter, excluding		
56	subsection (10) of this section, commits sexual battery upon $\underline{a}$		
57	person 12 years of age or older without that person's consent,		
58	under any of the circumstances listed in paragraph (e), such		

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person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable by a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

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- (e) The following circumstances apply to paragraphs (a)-(d):
- 1.(a) When The victim is physically helpless to resist.
- 2. (b) When The offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to use force or violence likely to cause serious personal injury on the victim, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the present ability to execute the threat.
- 3.(c) When The offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate against the victim, or any other person, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender has the ability to execute the threat in the future.
- 4.(d) When The offender, without the prior knowledge or consent of the victim, administers or has knowledge of someone else administering to the victim any narcotic, anesthetic, or other intoxicating substance that which mentally or physically incapacitates the victim.
- 5. (e) When The victim is mentally defective, and the offender has reason to believe this or has actual knowledge of this fact.
  - 6. (f) When The victim is physically incapacitated.
- 7.(g) When The offender is a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer as defined in by s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), who is certified under the provisions of s. 943.1395 or is an elected official exempt from such certification by virtue of s.

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7-00529A-14 2014526 943.253, or any other person in a position of control or authority in a probation, community control, controlled release, detention, custodial, or similar setting, and such officer, official, or person is acting in such a manner as to lead the victim to reasonably believe that the offender is in a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government. (5) (a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older but younger than 96 18 years of age, without that person's consent, and in the 97 process thereof does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a felony of the first second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. 100 101 (b) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual 102 battery upon a person 18 years of age or older, without that 103 person's consent, and in the process does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a 104 105 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 106 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. 107 (c) A person younger than 18 years of age who commits 108 sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process does not use physical 110 force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury 111 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in 112 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. 113 (d) If a person who has previously been convicted of a 114 violation of s. 787.01(2), s. 787.02(3), s. 800.04, s. 825.1025, 115 or s. 847.0135(5) or a violation of this chapter, excluding

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subsection (10) of this section, commits sexual battery upon a

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.17	person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent,
18	and in the process does not use physical force and violence
.19	likely to cause serious personal injury, such person commits a
.20	felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
21	775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.
.22	(6) (a) The offenses offense described in paragraphs (5) (a) -
.23	(c) are subsection (5) is included in any sexual battery offense
24	charged under subsection (3) or subsection (4).
.25	(b) The offense described in paragraph (5)(a) is included
26	in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(a).
.27	(c) The offense described in paragraph (5)(b) is included
.28	in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(b).
29	(d) The offense described in paragraph (5)(c) is included
30	in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(c).
.31	(e) The offense described in paragraph (5)(d) is included
.32	in an offense charged under paragraph (4)(d).
.33	(8) Without regard to the willingness or consent of the
34	victim, which is not a defense to prosecution under this
.35	subsection, a person who is in a position of familial or
36	custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age and
.37	who:
.38	(b) Engages in any act with that person while the person is
39	12 years of age or older but younger less than 18 years of age
40	which constitutes sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h) commits
41	a felony of the first degree, punishable $\underline{\text{by a term of years not}}$
42	exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.

(4) (b), paragraph (4) (c), or paragraph (4) (d) which involves an Page 5 of 66

(9) For prosecution under paragraph (4)(a), paragraph

775.084.

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146	offense committed under any of the circumstances listed in
147	$\underline{\text{subparagraph (4) (e) 7.}}$ $\underline{\text{paragraph (4) (g)}}$ , acquiescence to a person
148	reasonably believed by the victim to be in a position of
149	authority or control does not constitute consent, and it is not
150	a defense that the perpetrator was not actually in a position of
151	control or authority if the circumstances were such as to lead
152	the victim to reasonably believe that the person was in such a
153	position.
154	(10) $\underline{\underline{A}}$ Any person who falsely accuses $\underline{\underline{a}}$ any person listed
155	in subparagraph (4)(e)7. paragraph (4)(g) or other person in a
156	position of control or authority as an agent or employee of
157	government of violating paragraph $(4)(a)$ , paragraph $(4)(b)$ ,
158	paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d) commits (4)(g) is guilty
159	$\underline{\text{of}}$ a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
160	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
161	Section 2. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 800.04,
162	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
163	800.04 Lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the
164	presence of persons less than 16 years of age
165	(4) LEWD OR LASCIVIOUS BATTERY.—A person who:
166	(a) A person commits lewd or lascivious battery by:
167	1. Engaging in sexual activity with a person 12 years of
168	age or older but less than 16 years of age; or
169	2. Encouraging, forcing, or enticing any person less than
170	16 years of age to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual
171	bestiality, prostitution, or any other act involving sexual
172	activity.
173	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), an offender who
174	commits lewd or lascivious battery commits a felony of the

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175	second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,					
176	or s. 775.084.					
177	(c) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd					
178	or lascivious battery commits a felony of the first degree,					
179	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084,					
180	if the offender has previously been convicted of a violation of					
181	this section or a violation of s. 787.01(2); s. 787.02(3);					
182	chapter 794, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 825.1025; or s.					
183	847.0135(5).					
184	(a) Engages in sexual activity with a person 12 years of					
185	age or older but less than 16 years of age; or					
186	(b) Encourages, forces, or entices any person less than 16					
187	years of age to engage in sadomasochistic abuse, sexual					
188	bestiality, prostitution, or any other act involving sexual					
189	activity					
190						
191	commits lewd or lascivious battery, a felony of the second					
192	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.					
193	<del>775.084.</del>					
194	(5) LEWD OR LASCIVIOUS MOLESTATION					
195	(a) A person who intentionally touches in a lewd or					
196	lascivious manner the breasts, genitals, genital area, or					
197	buttocks, or the clothing covering them, of a person less than					
198	16 years of age, or forces or entices a person under 16 years of					
199	age to so touch the perpetrator, commits lewd or lascivious					
200	molestation.					
201	(b) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd					
202	or lascivious molestation against a victim less than 12 years of					
203	age commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s.					

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204	775.082(3)(a)4.
205	(c)1. An offender less than 18 years of age who commits
206	lewd or lascivious molestation against a victim less than 12
207	years of age; or
208	2. An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd or
209	lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or older
210	but less than 16 years of age
211	
212	commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in
213	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
214	(d) An offender less than 18 years of age who commits lewd
215	or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or
216	older but less than 16 years of age commits a felony of the
217	third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
218	or s. 775.084.
219	(e) An offender 18 years of age or older who commits lewd
220	or lascivious molestation against a victim 12 years of age or
221	older but less than 16 years of age commits a felony of the
222	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
223	or s. 775.084, if the offender has previously been convicted of
224	a violation of this section or a violation of s. 787.01(2); s.
225	787.02(3); chapter 794, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 825.1025;
226	or s. 847.0135(5).
227	Section 3. Paragraphs (g) through (i) of subsection (3) of
228	section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
229	921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking
230	chart
231	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART
232	(g) LEVEL 7

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233			
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
234			
	316.027(1)(b)	1st	Accident involving death,
			failure to stop; leaving
			scene.
235			
	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious
	313:133 (3) (3)2:	014	bodily injury.
236			boarry injury.
236	216 1025 (2) (1-)	1 - +	Constant and the Malilia
	316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily
			injury or death to another
			person; driving at high
			speed or with wanton
			disregard for safety while
			fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement
			officer who is in a patrol
			vehicle with siren and
			lights activated.
237			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in
			serious bodily injury.
238			
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and
			negligence or intentional
			act resulting in great
			bodily harm, permanent
			Doding remainere

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			disfiguration, permanent
			disability, or death.
239			
	409.920	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2)(b)1.a.		\$10,000 or less.
240			
	409.920	2nd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2) (b) 1.b.		more than \$10,000, but
			less than \$50,000.
241			
	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license.
242			
	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license which results in
0.10			serious bodily injury.
243	450 207 (1)	2 1	5
	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a license.
244			without a license.
244	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic
	459.013(1)	310	medicine without a
			license.
245			11001136.
240	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic
	100.111(1)	514	medicine without a
			license.

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246			
	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric
			medicine without a
			license.
247			
	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy
0.40			without a license.
248	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry
	463.013(1)	310	without a license.
249			without a license.
243	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without
			a license.
250			
	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy
			without a license.
251			
	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or
			dental hygiene without a
			license.
252			
	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery
			without a license.
253	468.366	2 4	Dell'insuria a successione trans-
	408.300	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a
			license.
254			TTCCIISC.
234	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical
	, ,		. ,

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	7-00529A-14		2014526 laboratory personnel without a license.
255	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics without a license.
256	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription.
257 258	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a license.
	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.
259	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business.
200	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money services business by unauthorized person,

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,	7-00529A-14		2014526
			currency or payment
			instruments exceeding \$300
			but less than \$20,000.
261			
	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report
			financial transactions
			exceeding \$300 but less
			than \$20,000 by financial
			institution.
262			
	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure
			to register; failure to
			renew driver driver's
			license or identification
			card; other registration
			violations.
263			
	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working
			where children regularly
			congregate.
264			congregate.
201	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or
	773.21(10)(9)	Jia	providing false
			information about a sexual
			predator; harbor or
			conceal a sexual predator.
265			concear a sexuar predator.
203	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of
	102.031(3)	2110	a person by a person other
			a person by a person other

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
			than the perpetrator or
			the perpetrator of an
			attempted felony.
266			
	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being
			by the act, procurement,
			or culpable negligence of
			another (manslaughter).
267			
	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being
			or viable fetus by the
			operation of a motor
			vehicle in a reckless
			manner (vehicular
			homicide).
268			
	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being
			by the operation of a
			vessel in a reckless
			manner (vessel homicide).
269			
	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			intentionally causing
			great bodily harm or
			disfigurement.
270			
	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using
			deadly weapon.
271			

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
272	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator aware victim pregnant.
273	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of injunction or court order.
273	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of court order.
275	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law enforcement officer.
276	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on sexually violent predators facility staff.
277	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
278	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified official or employee.
218	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.

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279	7-00529A-14		2014526
280	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
281	787.06(3)(a)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services.
	787.06(3)(e)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services by the transfer or transport of any individual from outside Florida to within the state.
282	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
284	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under specified circumstances.
285	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or deliver hoax bomb.

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1	7-00529A-14		2014526
	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
286	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
287	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
289	790.23	1st,PBL	Possession of a firearm by a person who qualifies for the penalty enhancements provided for in s. 874.04.
	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.

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290	7-00529A-14		2014526
290	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16 years for prostitution.
292	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim younger less than 12 years of age; offender younger less than 18 years.
293	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but younger less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
294	800.04(5)(e)	<u>1st</u>	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but younger than 16 years; offender 18 years or older; prior conviction for specified sex offense.
2,71	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.
295			CAPTOOIVC.

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	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
296	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
298	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
299	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized emergency vehicle.
	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more or a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer; property stolen while causing other property damage; 1st degree grand theft.
300	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo valued at less than \$50,000, grand theft in 2nd degree.

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302	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency medical equipment; 2nd degree grand theft.
303	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle.
304	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more.
305	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
306	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
307	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value greater than \$50,000.

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308			
309	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
310	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.
311			
312	817.2341 (2)(b) & (3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
313	817.535(2)(a)	3rd	Filing false lien or other unauthorized document.
	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or

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1	7-00529A-14		2014526
314			disfigurement.
315	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or disabled adult and property is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000.
316	827.03(2)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
317	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.
317	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about alleged capital felony to a law enforcement officer.
319	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
320	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.

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	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
321			
	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
322			
	843.0855(2)	3rd	Impersonation of a public officer or employee.
323			
	843.0855(3)	3rd	Unlawful simulation of legal process.
324			
	843.0855(4)	3rd	Intimidation of a public
			officer or employee.
325	0.45 04.05 (0)		
	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a computer service, to
			commit an unlawful sex
			act.
326			
	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor
			to commit an unlawful sex
			act.
327			
	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human
			body.
328			
	874.05(2)(b)	1st	Encouraging or recruiting
			person under 13 to join a
			criminal gang; second or

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329			subsequent offense.
	874.10	1st,PBL	Knowingly initiates, organizes, plans,
			finances, directs,
			manages, or supervises
			criminal gang-related
330			activity.
	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a child care
331	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.  Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver cocaine or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
			feet of property used for
			religious services or a
			specified business site.
332			
	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine
			(or other s. 893.03(1)(a),
			(1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a),
			(2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
			drugs).
333			
	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis,
			more than 25 lbs., less
			than 2,000 lbs.
334			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in cocaine,
	(1) (b) 1.a.		more than 28 grams, less
			than 200 grams.
335			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in illegal
	(1) (c) 1.a.		drugs, more than 4 grams,
			less than 14 grams.
336			
	893.135(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			phencyclidine, more than
			28 grams, less than 200
			grams.
337	000 405 (4) ( ) 4		
	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			methaqualone, more than

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ı	7-00529A-14		2014526
			200 grams, less than 5
			kilograms.
338			
	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			amphetamine, more than 14
339			grams, less than 28 grams.
333	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (g) 1.a.		flunitrazepam, 4 grams or
	-		more, less than 14 grams.
340			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1) (h) 1.a.		hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
			1 kilogram or more, less
			than 5 kilograms.
341	000 405		_ 551.11
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
	(1)(j)1.a.		Butanediol, 1 kilogram or more, less than 5
			kilograms.
342			nii ogiamo.
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(k)2.a.		Phenethylamines, 10 grams
			or more, less than 200
			grams.
343			
	893.1351(2)	2nd	Possession of place for
			trafficking in or
			manufacturing of

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344			controlled substance.
345	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
346	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
347	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent residence; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
348	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
349			

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350	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
351	943.0435(14)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification.
352	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
353	944.607(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph.
354	944.607(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
	944.607(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification.

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355			
	985.4815(10)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to submit to the taking of
			a digitized photograph.
356			
	985.4815(12)	3rd	Failure to report or
			providing false
			information about a sexual
			offender; harbor or
			conceal a sexual offender.
357			
	985.4815(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to report and reregister;
			failure to respond to
			address verification.
358			
359			
360	(h) LEVEL 8		
361			
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
362			
	316.193	2nd	DUI manslaughter.
	(3) (c) 3.a.		
363			
	316.1935(4)(b)	1st	Aggravated fleeing or
			attempted eluding with
			serious bodily injury or
			death.

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ا م	7-00529A-14		2014526
364 365	327.35(3)(c)3.	2nd	Vessel BUI manslaughter.
365	499.0051(7)	1st	Knowing trafficking in contraband prescription drugs.
367	499.0051(8)	1st	Knowing forgery of prescription labels or prescription drug labels.
368	560.123(8)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$20,000, but less than \$100,000 by money transmitter.
369	560.125(5)(b)	2nd	Money transmitter business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$20,000, but less than \$100,000.
	655.50(10)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report financial transactions totaling or exceeding

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			\$20,000, but less than
			\$100,000 by financial
			institutions.
370			
	777.03(2)(a)	1st	Accessory after the fact,
			capital felony.
371			
	782.04(4)	2nd	Killing of human without
			design when engaged in
			act or attempt of any
			felony other than arson,
			sexual battery, robbery,
			burglary, kidnapping,
			aggravated fleeing or
			eluding with serious
			bodily injury or death,
			aircraft piracy, or
			unlawfully discharging
			bomb.
372			
	782.051(2)	1st	Attempted felony murder
	,		while perpetrating or
			attempting to perpetrate
			a felony not enumerated
			in s. 782.04(3).
373			111 01 702101(0).
373	782.071(1)(b)	1st	Committing vehicular
	, 02 • 0 / ± (±) (D)	100	homicide and failing to
			render aid or give
			render and or give

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1	7-00529A-14		2014526
374			information.
	782.072(2)	1st	Committing vessel
			homicide and failing to
			render aid or give
375			Información.
	787.06(3)(b)	1st	Human trafficking using
			coercion for commercial
376			sexual activity.
3/6	787.06(3)(c)	1st	Human trafficking using
			coercion for labor and
			services of an
			unauthorized alien.
377	787.06(3)(f)	1st.	Human trafficking using
			coercion for commercial
			sexual activity by the
			transfer or transport of
			any individual from
			the state.
378			
	790.161(3)	1st	Discharging a destructive
			device which results in
			bodily harm or property damage.
379			

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
	794.011(5)(a)	<u>1st</u>	Sexual battery; victim 12
			years of age or older but
			younger than 18 years;
			offender 18 years or
			older; offender does not
			use physical force likely
			to cause serious injury.
380			
	794.011(5)(b)	<u>2nd</u>	Sexual battery; victim
			and offender 18 years of
			age or older; offender
			does not use physical
			force likely to cause
			serious injury.
381			
	794.011(5)(c)	<u>2nd</u>	Sexual battery; victim 12
			years of age or older;
			offender younger than 18
			years; offender does not
			use physical force likely
			to cause injury.
382			
	794.011(5)(d)	<u>1st</u>	Sexual battery; victim 12
			years of age or older;
			offender does not use
			physical force likely to
			cause serious injury;
			prior conviction for
			specified sex offense.

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383	7-00529A-14		2014526
383	<del>794.011(5)</del>	<del>2nd</del>	Sexual battery, victim 12 years or over, offender does not use physical force likely to cause serious injury.
384	794.08(3)	2nd	Female genital mutilation, removal of a victim younger than 18 years of age from this state.
385	800.04(4)(b)	<u>2nd</u>	Lewd or lascivious
387	800.04(4)(c)	<u>1st</u>	Lewd or lascivious battery; offender 18 years of age or older; prior conviction for specified sex offense.
388	800.04(4)	<del>2nd</del>	Lewd or lascivious battery.
	806.01(1)	1st	Maliciously damage dwelling or structure by fire or explosive, believing person in

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
389			structure.
390	810.02(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Burglary with assault or battery.
391	810.02(2)(b)	1st,PBL	Burglary; armed with explosives or dangerous weapon.
392	810.02(2)(c)	1st	Burglary of a dwelling or structure causing structural damage or \$1,000 or more property damage.
393	812.014(2)(a)2.	1st	Property stolen; cargo valued at \$50,000 or more, grand theft in 1st degree.
394	812.13(2)(b)	1st	Robbery with a weapon.
395	812.135(2)(c)	1st	Home-invasion robbery, no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
	817.535(2)(b)	2nd	Filing false lien or other unauthorized document; second or

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396			subsequent offense.
	817.535(3)(a)	2nd	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized document; property owner
			is a public officer or
			employee.
397	817.535(4)(a)1.	2nd	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized
			document; defendant is
			incarcerated or under supervision.
398			Supervision.
	817.535(5)(a)	2nd	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized document; owner of the
			property incurs financial
			loss as a result of the
			false instrument.
399	817.568(6)	2nd	Fraudulent use of
	017.000(0)	2110	personal identification
			information of an
			individual under the age
400			of 18.
, ,	825.102(2)	1st	Aggravated abuse of an
			elderly person or

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
401			disabled adult.
	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious
			battery upon an elderly
402			person or disabled adult.
	825.103(2)(a)	1st	Exploiting an elderly
			person or disabled adult
			and property is valued at
403			\$100,000 or more.
	837.02(2)	2nd	Perjury in official
			proceedings relating to
			prosecution of a capital
			felony.
404	837.021(2)	2nd	Making contradictory
			statements in official
			proceedings relating to
			prosecution of a capital
			felony.
405			
	860.121(2)(c)	1st	Shooting at or throwing
			any object in path of railroad vehicle
			resulting in great bodily
			harm.
406			
	860.16	1st	Aircraft piracy.

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407	893.13(1)(b)	1st	Sell or deliver in excess of 10 grams of any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
408	893.13(2)(b)	1st	Purchase in excess of 10 grams of any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
410	893.13(6)(c)	1st	Possess in excess of 10 grams of any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
411	893.135(1)(a)2.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 2,000 lbs., less than 10,000 lbs.
412	893.135 (1) (b) 1.b.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 200 grams, less than 400 grams.
413	893.135 (1)(c)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.

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	7-00529A-14		2014526
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (d) 1.b.		phencyclidine, more than
			200 grams, less than 400
			grams.
414			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (e) 1.b.		methaqualone, more than 5
			kilograms, less than 25
			kilograms.
415			-
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(f)1.b.		amphetamine, more than 28
	. , . ,		grams, less than 200
			grams.
416			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (g) 1.b.		flunitrazepam, 14 grams
	( ) (5)		or more, less than 28
			grams.
417			<u> </u>
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1) (h) 1.b.		hydroxybutyric acid
	(1) (11) 1		(GHB), 5 kilograms or
			more, less than 10
			kilograms.
418			rrrogramo.
410	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
	(1) (j) 1.b.	130	Butanediol, 5 kilograms
	(1)())1.0.		
			or more, less than 10

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			kilograms.
419			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (k) 2.b.		Phenethylamines, 200
			grams or more, less than
			400 grams.
420			
	893.1351(3)	1st	Possession of a place
			used to manufacture
			minor is present or resides there.
421			resides there.
721	895.03(1)	1st	Use or invest proceeds
	(-/		derived from pattern of
			racketeering activity.
422			2
	895.03(2)	1st	Acquire or maintain
			through racketeering
			activity any interest in
			or control of any
			enterprise or real
			property.
423			
	895.03(3)	1st	Conduct or participate in
			any enterprise through
			pattern of racketeering
			activity.
424			

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896.101(5)(b)	2nd	Money laundering,
		financial transactions
		totaling or exceeding
		\$20,000, but less than
		\$100,000.
896.104(4)(a)2.	2nd	Structuring transactions
		to evade reporting or
		registration
		requirements, financial
		transactions totaling or
		exceeding \$20,000 but
		less than \$100,000.
(i) LEVEL 9		
Florida	Felony	
Statute	Degree	Description
316.193	1st	DUI manslaughter;
(3) (c) 3.b.		failing to render aid or
		give information.
327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter;
		failing to render aid or
		give information.
409.920	1st	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(i) LEVEL 9  Florida Statute  316.193 (3)(c)3.b.	(i) LEVEL 9  Florida Felony Statute Degree  316.193 1st (3)(c)3.b. 1st

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	(2) (b) 1.c.		\$50,000 or more.
433			
	499.0051(9)	1st	Knowing sale or purchase
			of contraband
			prescription drugs
			resulting in great
			bodily harm.
434			
	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report
			currency or payment
			instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$100,000 by
			money transmitter.
435			
	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter
			business by unauthorized
			person, currency, or
			payment instruments
			totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000.
436			
	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report
			financial transactions
			totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000 by financial
			institution.
437			
	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar
			crime.

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438	7-00529A-14		2014526
430	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to commit premeditated murder.
440	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in connection with arson, sexual battery, robbery, burglary, aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury or death, and other specified felonies.
441	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate a felony enumerated in s. 782.04(3).
442	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult.
443	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or hostage.
	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent

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	7-00529A-14		2014526 to commit or facilitate
444			commission of any felony.
445	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to interfere with performance of any governmental or political function.
	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under age 13; perpetrator also commits aggravated child abuse, sexual battery, or lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, or exhibition.
446	787.06(3)(d)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for commercial sexual activity of an unauthorized alien.
448	787.06(3)(g)	1st,PBL	Human trafficking for commercial sexual activity of a child under the age of 18.

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449	787.06(4)	1st	Selling or buying of minors into human trafficking.
449	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive device offense.
451	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a weapon of mass destruction.
452	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim less than 12 years of age.
453	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger than 18 years and commits sexual battery on a person less than 12 years.
333	794.011(4)(a)	1st,PBL	Sexual battery, certain circumstances; victim 12 years of age or older but younger than 18 years; offender 18 years or older.

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454	794.011(4)(b)	<u>1st</u>	Sexual battery, certain
			circumstances; victim
			and offender 18 years of
			age or older.
455	704 011 (4) (-)	1 - +	Course la battana a contain
	794.011(4)(c)	<u>1st</u>	Sexual battery, certain
			circumstances; victim 12
			years of age or older;
			offender younger than 18
			<u>years.</u>
456			
	794.011(4)(d)	<u>1st,PBL</u>	Sexual battery, certain
			circumstances; victim 12
			years of age or older;
			prior conviction for
			specified sex offenses.
457			
	794.011(4)	<del>1st</del>	Sexual battery; victim
			12 years or older,
			certain circumstances.
458			
	794.011(8)(b)	1st <u>,PBL</u>	Sexual battery; engage
			in sexual conduct with
			minor 12 to 18 years by
			person in familial or
			custodial authority.
459			
	794.08(2)	1st	Female genital

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			mutilation; victim
			younger than 18 years of
			age.
460			
100	796.035	1st	Selling or buying of
	790.033	150	minors into
			prostitution.
461			
	800.04(5)(b)	Life	Lewd or lascivious
			molestation; victim less
			than 12 years; offender
			18 years or older.
462			
	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or
			other deadly weapon.
463			
	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or
	, , , , ,		other deadly weapon.
464			cener acadry weapon.
404	812.135(2)(b)	1st.	Home-invasion robbery
	612.133(2)(D)	ISC	-
			with weapon.
465			
	817.535(3)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized
			document; second or
			subsequent offense;
			property owner is a
			public officer or
			employee.
			= =

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466	7-00529A-14	2014526		
	817.535(4)(a)2.	1st	Filing false claim or other unauthorized document; defendant is incarcerated or under supervision.	
467	817.535(5)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or other unauthorized document; second or subsequent offense; owner of the property incurs financial loss as a result of the false instrument.	
469	817.568(7)	2nd, PBL	Fraudulent use of personal identification information of an individual under the age of 18 by his or her parent, legal guardian, or person exercising custodial authority.	
470	827.03(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.	
	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise transferring custody or	

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471			control, of a minor.
470	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise obtaining custody or control, of a minor.
472	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing bacteria, radioactive materials, viruses, or chemical compounds into food, drink, medicine, or water with intent to kill or injure another person.
	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking offense.
474	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 10,000 lbs.
475	893.135 (1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 400 grams, less than 150 kilograms.
476	893.135 (1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 28 grams, less than 30 kilograms.

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477			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (d) 1.c.		phencyclidine, more than
			400 grams.
478			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (e)1.c.		methaqualone, more than
			25 kilograms.
479			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(f)1.c.		amphetamine, more than
			200 grams.
480			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1) (h) 1.c.		hydroxybutyric acid
			(GHB), 10 kilograms or
			more.
481			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
	(1)(j)1.c.		Butanediol, 10 kilograms
			or more.
482			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(k)2.c.		Phenethylamines, 400
			grams or more.
483			
	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering,
			financial instruments
			totaling or exceeding

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	7-00529A-14			2014526			
			\$100,000.				
484							
	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring tra	nsactions			
			to evade report	ing or			
			registration				
			requirements, f	inancial			
			transactions to	taling or			
			exceeding \$100,	000.			
485							
486							
487	Section 4. Section	921.0024, Flor	ida Statutes, is	amended			
488	to read:						
489	921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations;						
490	scoresheets						
491	(1) (a) The Criminal Punishment Code worksheet is used to						
492	compute the subtotal and total sentence points as follows:						
493		ODININA DUNI	SUMPLIE CODE				
494	FLORIDA	A CRIMINAL PUNIS	SHMENT CODE				
495		WORKSHEET					
496		OFFENSE SCOR	T.				
498		OFFENSE SCOR	.C.				
450		Primary Offen	90				
499		rrimary orren	.50				
133	Level Sente	ence Points		Total			
500							
	10	116	=				
501							
	9	92	=				
- 1							

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502							
503	8		74		=		
303	7		56		=		
504							
505	6		36		=		
303	5		28		=		
506							
507	4		22		=		
507	3		16		=		
508							
	2		10		=		
509	1		4		=		
510	_		-				
511							Total
512							10001
513							
514			Additio	1 O	£ £ 0.000		
515			Additio	niai O	rreuses		
	Level	Sentence	Points		Counts		Total
516							
517	10	58		Х	• • • •	=	• • • •
J = /							

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7-00529A-14					2014526
9	46	х		=	
0	37	v		_	
o	37	Α	••••	_	••••
7	28	x		=	
6	18	х	• • • •	=	• • • •
5	5.4	x		=	
4	3.6	х	• • • •	=	• • • •
3	2.4	×		=	
2	1.2	х		=	• • • •
1	0.7	.,		_	
1	0.7	Α	••••	_	••••
М	0.2	x		=	• • • •
					Total
	Ţ	ictim Ini	urv		
	·		- 4		
	9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2	9 46 8 37 7 28 6 18 5 5.4 4 3.6 3 2.4 2 1.2 1 0.7 M 0.2	9 46 x 8 37 x 7 28 x 6 18 x 5 5.4 x 4 3.6 x 3 2.4 x 2 1.2 x 1 0.7 x M 0.2 x	9       46       x          8       37       x          7       28       x          6       18       x          5       5.4       x          4       3.6       x          3       2.4       x          2       1.2       x          1       0.7       x	9       46       x        =         8       37       x        =         7       28       x        =         6       18       x        =         5       5.4       x        =         4       3.6       x        =         3       2.4       x        =         2       1.2       x        =         1       0.7       x        =         M       0.2       x        =

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7-00529A-14				2	2014526
Level	Sentence		Number		Total
	Points				
0 1 1					
=					
	240	×		=	
acacii	210	21	••••		••••
Death	120	х		=	
Severe	40	Х		=	
Moderate	18	Х		=	• • • •
	_				
Slight	4	Х		=	• • • •
Covinal					
	80	×		=	
r					
Sexual					
contact	40	Х		=	
					Total
Primary Offense +	Additional Offen	ses +	Victim In-	iurv =	
TILMAL, OTTORIOC ,				1 ~ - 1	
	Znd degree murder- death  Death  Severe  Moderate  Slight  Sexual penetration  Sexual contact	Level Sentence Points  2nd degree murder- death 240  Death 120  Severe 40  Moderate 18  Slight 4  Sexual penetration 80  Sexual contact 40  Primary Offense + Additional Offen	Level Sentence Points  2nd degree murder- death 240 x  Death 120 x  Severe 40 x  Moderate 18 x  Slight 4 x  Sexual penetration 80 x  Sexual contact 40 x	Level Sentence Points  2nd degree murder-death 240 x  Death 120 x  Severe 40 x  Moderate 18 x  Slight 4 x  Sexual penetration 80 x  Sexual contact 40 x	Level       Sentence Points       Number         2nd degree murder-death       240       x        =         Death       120       x        =         Severe       40       x        =         Moderate       18       x        =         Slight       4       x        =         Sexual penetration       80       x        =         Sexual contact       40       x        =

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	7-00529A-14					2014526
547		PRIO	R RECORD	SCORE		
548						
- 10		P	rior Rec	ord		
549	Level	Sentence Points		Number		Total
550	Tevel	Sentence roints	>	Number		IOCAI
	10	29	х		=	
551						
	9	23	х	• • • •	=	
552	_					
553	8	19	х	• • • •	=	• • • •
333	7	14	x		=	
554						
	6	9	х		=	
555						
556	5	3.6	Х	• • • •	=	• • • •
556	4	2.4	x		=	
557	-	2.3	Α	••••		• • • •
	3	1.6	x		=	
558						
	2	0.8	х	• • • •	=	
559	1	0.5				
560	1	0.5	х	• • • •	=	• • • •
330	М	0.2	x		=	
561						

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1	7-00529A-14 2014526
562	
	Total
563	
564	
565	TOTAL OFFENSE SCORE
566	TOTAL PRIOR RECORD SCORE
567	
568	LEGAL STATUS
569	COMMUNITY SANCTION VIOLATION
570	PRIOR SERIOUS FELONY
571	PRIOR CAPITAL FELONY
572	FIREARM OR SEMIAUTOMATIC WEAPON
573	SUBTOTAL
574	
575	PRISON RELEASEE REOFFENDER (no) (yes)
576	VIOLENT CAREER CRIMINAL (no) (yes)
577	HABITUAL VIOLENT OFFENDER (no) (yes)
578	HABITUAL OFFENDER (no) (yes)
579	DRUG TRAFFICKER (no) (yes) (x multiplier)
580	LAW ENF. PROTECT. (no) (yes) (x multiplier)
581	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT (no) (yes) (x multiplier)
582	CRIMINAL GANG OFFENSE (no)(yes) (x multiplier)
583	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE IN THE PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILD (no) (yes)
584	(x multiplier)
585	ADULT-ON-MINOR SEX OFFENSE (no) (yes) (x multiplier)
586	
587	TOTAL SENTENCE POINTS
588	
589	(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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590 591 592

593

594 595 596

597

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602 603

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618

Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:

- 1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction.
- 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:
- a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:
- I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and
- II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.
- b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of

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619	felony probation or community control where the violation
620	includes a new felony conviction.
621	
622	Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the
623	sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the
624	assessment of community sanction violation points.
625	
626	Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary
627	offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or
628	level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single
629	assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of
630	this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the
631	offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or
632	level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the
633	offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or
634	other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from
635	confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later,
636	is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any
637	additional offense was committed.
638	
639	Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more
640	prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points
641	shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender
642	equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for
643	the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital
644	felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital
645	felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo
646	contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in

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another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that

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648 jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were 649 committed in this state. 650 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: 651 652 If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) 653 654 while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in 655 s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are 656 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or 657 attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in 658 s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine 659 qun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25) 660 661 sentence points are assessed. 662 663 Sentencing multipliers: 664 665 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 666 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 667 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 668 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 669 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of 670 a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 671 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 672 673 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 674 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 675 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s.

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677	775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points
678	are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of
679	s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement
680	Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal
681	sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.
682	
683	Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand
684	theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the
685	offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of
686	the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal
687	sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.
688	
689	Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted
690	of the primary offense and committed that offense for the
691	purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of
692	a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence
693	points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results
694	in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory
695	maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the
696	court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the
697	defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.
698	
699	Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is
700	convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a
701	crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was
702	committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who
703	is a family or household member as defined in s. $741.28(3)$ with
704	the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are
705	multiplied by 1.5.

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72.5

Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1, 2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2), which includes a sexual battery or lewd act as described in s. 787.01(2) (a) 2. and 3.; s. 787.02(3), which includes a sexual battery or lewd act as described in s. 787.02(3)(a) 2. and 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s. 800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

(2) The lowest permissible sentence is the minimum sentence that may be imposed by the trial court, absent a valid reason for departure. The lowest permissible sentence is any nonstate prison sanction in which the total sentence points equals or is less than 44 points, unless the court determines within its discretion that a prison sentence, which may be up to the statutory maximums for the offenses committed, is appropriate. When the total sentence points exceeds 44 points, the lowest permissible sentence in prison months shall be calculated by subtracting 28 points from the total sentence points and decreasing the remaining total by 25 percent. The total sentence points shall be calculated only as a means of determining the lowest permissible sentence. The permissible range for sentencing shall be the lowest permissible sentence up to and

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including the statutory maximum, as defined in s. 775.082, for the primary offense and any additional offenses before the court for sentencing. The sentencing court may impose such sentences concurrently or consecutively. However, any sentence to state prison must exceed 1 year. If the lowest permissible sentence under the code exceeds the statutory maximum sentence as provided in s. 775.082, the sentence required by the code must be imposed. If the total sentence points are greater than or equal to 363, the court may sentence the offender to life imprisonment. An offender sentenced to life imprisonment under this section is not eligible for any form of discretionary early release, except executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. 

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- (3) A single scoresheet shall be prepared for each defendant to determine the permissible range for the sentence that the court may impose, except that if the defendant is before the court for sentencing for more than one felony and the felonies were committed under more than one version or revision of the guidelines or the code, separate scoresheets must be prepared. The scoresheet or scoresheets must cover all the defendant's offenses pending before the court for sentencing. The state attorney shall prepare the scoresheet or scoresheets, which must be presented to the defense counsel for review for accuracy in all cases unless the judge directs otherwise. The defendant's scoresheet or scoresheets must be approved and signed by the sentencing judge.
- (4) The Department of Corrections, in consultation with the Office of the State Courts Administrator, state attorneys, and public defenders, must develop and submit the revised Criminal

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Punishment Code scoresheet to the Supreme Court for approval by June 15 of each year, as necessary. Upon the Supreme Court's approval of the revised scoresheet, the Department of Corrections shall produce and provide sufficient copies of the revised scoresheets by September 30 of each year, as necessary. Scoresheets must include item entries for the scoresheet preparer's use in indicating whether any prison sentence imposed includes a mandatory minimum sentence or the sentence imposed was a downward departure from the lowest permissible sentence under the Criminal Punishment Code.

- (5) The Department of Corrections shall distribute sufficient copies of the Criminal Punishment Code scoresheets to those persons charged with the responsibility for preparing scoresheets.
- (6) The clerk of the circuit court shall transmit a complete, accurate, and legible copy of the Criminal Punishment Code scoresheet used in each sentencing proceeding to the Department of Corrections. Scoresheets must be transmitted no less frequently than monthly, by the first of each month, and may be sent collectively.
- (7) A sentencing scoresheet must be prepared for every defendant who is sentenced for a felony offense. A copy of the individual offender's Criminal Punishment Code scoresheet and any attachments thereto prepared pursuant to Rule 3.701, Rule 3.702, or Rule 3.703, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, or any other rule pertaining to the preparation and submission of felony sentencing scoresheets, must be attached to the copy of the uniform judgment and sentence form provided to the Department of Corrections.

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793	Section 5. Section 921.30, Florida Statutes, is created to
794	read:
795	921.30 Court finding that offense was sexually motivated.—
796	For offenses other than those specifically defined as a sexually
797	violent offense in s. 394.912(9)(a)-(f), the state attorney may
798	move the court to make a written finding on the record that,
799	based on the circumstances of the case, including consideration
800	of a victim impact statement, the person's offense was sexually
801	motivated.
802	Section 6. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (4) of
803	section 944.275, Florida Statutes, to read:
804	944.275 Gain-time
805	(4)
806	(e) Notwithstanding subparagraph (b) 3., for sentences
807	imposed for offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014, the
808	$\underline{\text{department may not grant incentive gain-time if the offense is } \underline{a}$
809	violation of s. 782.04(1)(a)2.c.; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s.
810	787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s.
811	794.05; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5).
812	Section 7. Subsection (13) is added to section 947.1405,
813	Florida Statutes, to read:
814	947.1405 Conditional release program.—
815	(13) If a person who is transferred to the custody of the
816	Department of Children and Families pursuant to part V of
817	chapter 394 is subject to conditional release supervision, the
818	period of conditional release supervision is tolled until such
819	person is no longer in the custody of the Department of Children
820	and Families. This subsection applies to all periods of
821	conditional release supervision which begin on or after October

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822 1, 2014, regardless of the date of the underlying offense. 823 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 948.012, Florida 824 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (5) and (6) are added to 825 that section, to read: 826 948.012 Split sentence of probation or community control 827 and imprisonment.-828 (1) If Whenever punishment by imprisonment for a 829 misdemeanor or a felony, except for a capital felony, is 830 prescribed, the court, in its discretion, may, at the time of 831 sentencing, impose a split sentence whereby the defendant is to 832 be placed on probation or, with respect to any such felony, into community control upon completion of any specified period of 833 such sentence which may include a term of years or less. In such 834 835 case, the court shall stay and withhold the imposition of the 836 remainder of sentence imposed upon the defendant and direct that 837 the defendant be placed upon probation or into community control 838 after serving such period as may be imposed by the court. Except 839 as provided in subsection (6), the period of probation or 840 community control shall commence immediately upon the release of 841 the defendant from incarceration, whether by parole or gain-time 842 allowances. 843 (5) (a) Effective for offenses committed on or after October 844 1, 2014, if the court imposes a term of years in accordance with 845 s. 775.082 which is less than the maximum sentence for the 846 offense, the court must impose a split sentence pursuant to subsection (1) for any person who is convicted of a violation 847 848 of: 849 1. Section 782.04(1)(a)2.c.; 850 2. Section 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.;

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851	3. Section 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.;
852	4. Section 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10);
853	5. Section 794.05;
854	6. Section 800.04;
855	7. Section 825.1025; or
856	8. Section 847.0135(5).
857	(b) The probation or community control portion of the split
858	sentence imposed by the court must extend for at least 2 years.
859	However, if the term of years imposed by the court extends to
860	within 2 years of the maximum sentence for the offense, the
861	probation or community control portion of the split sentence
862	must extend for the remainder of the maximum sentence.
863	(6) If a defendant who has been sentenced to a split
864	sentence pursuant to subsection (1) is transferred to the
865	custody of the Department of Children and Families pursuant to
866	part V of chapter 394, the period of probation or community
867	control is tolled until such person is no longer in the custody
868	of the Department of Children and Families. This subsection
869	applies to all sentences of probation or community control which
870	begin on or after October 1, 2014, regardless of the date of the
871	underlying offense.
872	Section 9. If any provision of this act or its application
873	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity
874	does not affect other provisions or applications of this act
875	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
876	application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
877	severable.
878	Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 2014.

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## The Florida Senate

## **Committee Agenda Request**

10:	Committee on Criminal Justice  Committee Agenda Request				
Subject:					
Date:	December 20, 2013				
I respectfull	y request that <b>Senate Bill # 526</b> , relating to Sexual Of	ffenders, be placed on the:			
$\boxtimes$	committee agenda at your earliest possible conveni	ience.			
	next committee agenda.				

Senator Rob Bradley Florida Senate, District 7

## THE FLORIDA SENATE

# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	o oshalor or oshalo i rolessionar dian conducting the meeting)
Topic <u>Sexual Offenses</u>	Bill Number 526
Name Keri Silver	(if applicable)  Amendment Barcode
Job Title	(if applicable)
Address PO Box 1565 Street	Phone 850 524-2394
Tallahassee Fe State	33302 E-mail Kararbornansullanke.com
Speaking: For Against In	formation
RepresentingFlorida Sheriffs	Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimon meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their	ny, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this r remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting	5 004 (40/20/44)

### THE FLORIDA SENATE

## **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	
Topic	Bill Number526
Name Brian Pitts	(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
Job Title <u>Trustee</u>	(if applicable)
Address 1119 Newton Ave S.	Phone 727/897-929/
	E-mail justice 2 jesus on yn hoo. com
Speaking: Against Information	
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	st registered with Legislature: Yes Ano

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

1/13/2014

S-001 (10/20/11)

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Criminal Justice						
BILL:	SB 528						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Ev	ers					
SUBJECT:	Sex Offens	es					
DATE:	January 3,	2014	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Erickson		Canno	n	CJ	<b>Favorable</b>		
2.				JU			
3.				AP			

### I. Summary:

SB 528 makes numerous changes to Florida laws relevant to registration of sexual predators and sexual offenders ("registrants"). The most important change may be requiring registrants to provide additional personal information, such as information on vehicles a registrant owns and vehicles owned by a person residing with the registrant that may be operated by the registrant.

Specifically, the bill does the following:

- adds specified "sexual misconduct" offenses to criteria or definitions that qualify a person as a sexual predator or sexual offender;
- requires registrants who are unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to report any change of residence or change of name within 48 hours after the change;
- requires registrants who volunteer at an institution of higher education to report this information;
- requires registrants to report information regarding their intention to establish a residence in another country (or intention to remain in Florida after previously reporting an intention to reside in another country);
- punishes registrants who fail to report Internet identifiers prior to use and registrants who knowingly provide false registration information; and
- modifies provisions relevant to seeking removal of registration requirements to allow for additional sexual offenders to petition for registration removal if criteria are met.

#### II. Present Situation:

## Registration of Sexual Predators and Sexual Offenders: General Information

Florida law requires registration of any person who has been convicted or adjudicated delinquent of a specified sexual offense or offenses and who meets other statutory criteria that qualify the person for designation as a sexual predator or classification as a sexual offender. The registration laws, which also require reregistration and provide for public and community notification of certain information about sexual predators and sexual offenders, span several different chapters and numerous statutes, and are implemented through the combined efforts of the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE), all Florida sheriffs, the Department of Corrections (DOC), the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ), the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV), and the Department of Children and Families (DCF).

A person is designated as a sexual predator by a court if the person:

- has been convicted of a current qualifying capital, life, or first degree felony sex offense committed on or after October 1, 1993;
- has been convicted of a current qualifying sex offense committed on or after October 1,
   1993, and has a prior conviction for a qualifying sex offense; or
- is subject to civil commitment.<sup>2</sup>

The FDLE classifies a person as a sexual offender if the person:

- has been convicted of a qualifying sex offense and has been released on or after October 1, 1997 (the date the modern registry became effective) from the sanction imposed for that offense;
- establishes or maintains a Florida residence and is subject to registration and/or community/public notification in another state or jurisdiction or is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, another state or jurisdiction as a result of a conviction for a qualifying sex offense; or
- on or after July 1, 2007, has been adjudicated delinquent of a qualifying sexual battery or lewd offense committed when the person was 14 years of age or older.<sup>3</sup>

Requirements for in-person registration and reregistration are similar for sexual predators and sexual offenders but frequency of reregistration depends on the qualifying offense. Registration requirements may also differ based on a special status, e.g., the sexual predator or sexual offender is in the DOC's control or custody, under DOC or DJJ supervision, or in residential commitment under the DJJ. The DOC and DJJ are required to report certain information on sexual predators and sexual offenders to the FDLE and other persons or entities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See ss. 775.21–775.25, 943.043–943.0437, 944.606–944.607, and 985.481–985.4815, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See s. 775.21, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See ss. 943.0435 and 985.4815, F.S.

The FDLE, through its agency website, provides a searchable database that contains information about sexual predators and sexual offenders.<sup>4</sup> Further, local law enforcement agencies provide access to this information, typically through a link to the state public registry webpage.<sup>5</sup>

Florida's registry laws meet minimum federal requirements. The federal Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA), which is Title I of the Adam Walsh Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (AWA),<sup>6</sup> attempts to make all states' laws uniform with respect to requirements (or minimum standards) that Congress has judged to be necessary to be included in states' registry laws. The U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) maintains the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website.<sup>7</sup> States are free to choose not to substantially implement SORNA. However, the AWA penalizes noncompliance by partially reducing Byrne Justice Assistance Grant funding. The DOJ has determined that Florida has substantially implemented SORNA.<sup>8</sup> Florida was the third state to do so.<sup>9</sup>

#### **Registration and Reregistration Requirements**

Reporting requirements and time periods for reporting differ depending upon whether or not the registrant (sexual predator or sexual offender) is under DOC or DJJ custody or supervision, under the custody of a private correctional facility, under the custody of a local jail, under federal supervision, or under none of these custody or supervision statuses. In describing the registration and registration process, this analysis focuses on the registrant who is in none of these custody or supervision statuses and resides in Florida. However, staff notes that any registrant released from custody without a subsequent period of supervision would be subject to this process, and registrants under DOC or DJJ supervision would be subject to a registration and reregistration process substantially similar to the process described.

The registrant must initially report in person to the local sheriff's office within 48 hours of:

- establishing or maintaining a residence in Florida (sexual predators and sexual offenders);
- a designation by the court that the registrant is a sexual predator;
- release from custody or supervision (sexual offenders); or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The FDLE is the central repository for registration information. It also maintains the state public registry and ensures Florida's compliance with federal laws. The Florida sheriffs handle in-person registration and reregistration. Florida Department of Law Enforcement, About Us, http://offender.fdle.state.fl.us/offender/About.jsp (last visited on January 2, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Link to the state public registry webpage: http://offender.fdle.state.fl.us/offender/homepage.do;jsessionid=Te-Tt1GRPwWA5HTSbLUQVw\_ (last visited on January 2, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> P.L. 109-248 (July 27, 2006).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> United States Department of Justice, Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website, http://www.nsopw.gov/Core/Portal.aspx (last visited on January 2, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> This standard is satisfied if a jurisdiction carries out SORNA requirements (as interpreted and explained by DOJ guidelines). Substantial implementation does not necessarily mean full implementation. Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking, U.S. Department of Justice, "Jurisdictions that have substantially implemented SORNA," http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/smart/newsroom\_jurisdictions\_sorna.htm (last visited on January 2, 2014). <sup>9</sup> Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Press Release, "Governor Crist Announces Florida's Implementation of the Adam Walsh Act" (May 18, 2010), http://www.fdle.state.fl.us/Content/News/2010/May-2010/Governor-Crist-Announces-Florida%E2%80%99s-Implementation-.aspx (last visited on January 2, 2014).

• conviction, if the registrant is not under the control, custody, or supervision of the DOC or the custody of a private correctional facility (sexual offenders).<sup>10</sup>

At this initial registration, registrants must provide:

- specified personal identification information;
- social security number;
- address and telephone numbers (home and cellular);
- photograph and fingerprints;
- electronic mail address and any instant message name;
- occupation and place of employment; and
- date and place of each conviction and a brief description of the crime or crimes committed. 11

After initial reporting, registrants must report in person to a driver's license office and provide proof of initial registration to secure or renew a driver's license or identification card. Each time the registrant's driver's license or identification is subject to renewal, and within 48 hours after any change in residence or the registrant's name, the registrant must report in person to the driver's license office.<sup>12</sup>

All sexual predators and some sexual offenders are required to reregister with their local sheriff four times a year. All other sexual offenders are required to reregister twice a year. <sup>13</sup> Additionally, the following events are subject to expedited reporting to the sheriff:

- enrolling, obtaining employment, or carrying on a vocation at a Florida institution of higher education (including changes to this information);
- electronic mail address and instant message names prior to their use;
- vacating a residence without having another residence;
- remaining at a residence the registrant has reported he or she will vacate;
- intending to reside in another state or non-Florida jurisdiction;
- remaining in Florida after reporting the intent to establish a residence in another state or non-Florida jurisdiction; and
- living in another state but working or attending school in Florida. 14

### Agency Reporting of Information Regarding Sexual Predators and Sexual Offenders

The DOC must report to the FDLE certain personal information regarding a sexual offender who is:

• being released after serving a period of incarceration; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(e) and 943.0435(2)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(a) and (e) and 943.0435(2)(a) and (b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(f) and (g)1. and 943.0435(3) and (4)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See ss. 775.21(8) and 943.0435(14), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(g)2.-4., (i), and (j) and 943.0435(2)(b)2. and (4)(b)-(d), (7), and (8), F.S.

• in the DOC's custody or control or under its supervision, or in the custody of a private correctional facility. 15

The DJJ must report to the FDLE certain personal information regarding a sexual offender who is:

- released from DJJ residential commitment; or
- under DJJ supervision but who is not committed. 16

#### **Prohibitions and Penalties**

Certain sexual predators are prohibited from working or volunteering at places where children regularly congregate. A violation of this prohibition is a third degree felony.<sup>17</sup>

It is a second degree felony for a registrant to report that he or she intends to or did vacate a residence but remains at the residence without reporting this information.<sup>18</sup>

It is a third degree felony for a registrant to fail to report his or her intent to establish a residence in another state or jurisdiction. <sup>19</sup> It is a second degree felony for a registrant to report his or her intent to establish a residence in another state or jurisdiction but remain in this state without reporting that information. <sup>20</sup>

It is a third degree felony for a registrant to fail to comply with registration requirements.<sup>21</sup>

#### Removal of Registration Requirement

Generally, sexual predators and sexual offenders are subject to lifetime registration, unless they receive a full pardon or have a conviction set aside for a registration-qualifying offense.<sup>22</sup> However, some sexual offenders may petition under s. 943.0435, F.S., for removal of registration requirements if they have been released from the latest sanction for at least 25 years, are arrest-free since release, and do not have an adult conviction for a disqualifying offense.<sup>23</sup>

Additionally, a small number of registrants who were teenagers or young adults when they committed their offense may qualify for registration removal under s. 943.04354, F.S. (which is sometimes referred to as the "Romeo and Juliet" statute). A sexual predator or sexual offender who qualifies under the statute may move or petition for removal of registration requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See ss. 944.606 and 944.607, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See ss. 985.481 and 985.4815, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 775.21(10)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(g)3. and (10)(a) and 943.0435(4)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(i) and (10)(a) and 943.0435(7) and (9)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(j) and (10)(a) and 943.0435(8) and (9)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See ss. 775.21(10)(a); 943.0435(9)(a) and (14)(c)4.; 944.607(10)(a) and (13)(c)4.; and 985.4815(9), (10)(a), and (13)(b)4., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See ss. 775.21(6)(1) and 943.0435(11), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 943.0435(11), F.S.

# Qualifying criteria are:

- a qualifying sex offense;
- registration is based solely on that offense;
- the registrant was not more than 4 years older than the victim of that offense; and
- the victim was 14-17 years of age when that offense was committed.

The court may grant the motion or petition if it finds that these criteria are met and registration removal will not conflict with federal law.<sup>24</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill makes numerous changes to Florida laws relevant to registration of sexual predators and sexual offenders ("registrants"), including, but not limited to, adding additional information that must be provided by registrants, adding additional offenses that qualify an offender for registration, punishing noncompliance with registration requirements, and modifying the process for seeking removal of registration requirements. The bill takes effect on October 1, 2014.

# Adds Registration-Qualifying Offenses (Sections 1, 2, and 6)

The bill amends ss. 775.21, 943.0435, and 944.607, F.S., to expand registration-qualifying offenses to include:

- sexual misconduct between an employee of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD) (or another covered person) and an individual with a developmental disability;<sup>25</sup>
- sexual misconduct between a DCF employee (or other specified employee) and a patient;<sup>26</sup> and
- sexual misconduct between an APD/DCF employee (or another covered person) and a forensic client.<sup>27</sup>

### Adds Information Registrants Must Report (Sections 1, 2, 6, and 7)

The bill amends ss. 775.21, 943.0435, 944.607, and 985.481, F.S., to require registrants to provide additional information as part of the registration/reregistration process, including:

- the make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the registrant and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides with the registrant and that may be operated by the registrant;
- Internet identifiers (prior to their use);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Federal conflict may occur if the sex offense doesn't fall within a "consensual sexual conduct" exception to SORNA's registration requirements. SORNA does not require registration if two persons 13 years of age or older engage in consensual sexual conduct and no more than 4 years separates their ages. Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking, U.S. Department of Justice, "SORNA,"

http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/smart/sorna.htm#consensualconduct (last visited on January 2, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 393.135(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Section 394.4593(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Section 916.1075(2), F.S.

- palm prints;
- passports;
- professional license information;
- immigration status information; and
- volunteer status at a Florida institution of higher education.

# Requires Registrants Who Can't Procure a Driver's License/State ID to Report Information (Sections 1 and 2)

The bill amends ss. 775.21 and 943.0435, F.S., to require registrants who are unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card with the DHSMV to report any change of residence or change of name by reason of marriage or other legal process within 48 hours after the change. This information is reported to the sheriff's office in the county where the registrant resides or is located and the information must include a confirmation that the registrant reported the information to the DHSMV.

# Requires Registrants Intending to Reside in Another Country to Report Information (Sections 1 and 2)

The bill amends ss. 775.21 and 943.0435, F.S., to require registrants who intend to establish a residence in another country to report in person to the sheriff of the country of current residence within 21 days before their planned departure date if the intended residence of 5 days or more is outside the United States and to provide to the sheriff the address and country of intended residence. Further, registrants who remain in Florida after previously reporting an intent to reside in another country must report their intent to remain in Florida to the sheriff who received the previous report. This reporting must occur within 48 hours after the date the registrant indicated he or she would leave Florida.

#### Prohibits and Punishes Certain Acts (Sections 1, 2, 6, and 9)

The bill amends ss. 775.21, 943.0435, 944.607, and 985.4815, F.S., to provide that it is:

- a second degree felony for a registrant who reports his or her intent to establish a residence in another country to remain in Florida without reporting to the sheriff this information;
- a third degree felony to fail to report all required Internet identifiers prior to use; and
- a third degree felony to knowingly provide false registration information by act or omission.

The bill amends s. 921.0022, F.S., to update descriptive language in the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code to reflect these changes.

### Reports Internet Identifiers to Commercial Social Networking Websites (Section 4)

The bill amends s. 943.0437, F.S., to authorize the FDLE to provide information on Internet identifiers maintained as part of the registry to commercial social networking websites or third parties designated by those websites. This information may be used by those websites to compare registered users and screen potential users of the websites. The websites are not subject

to civil liability for any action voluntarily taken in good faith to remove or disable any profile of a registered user associated with an Internet identifier contained in the registry.

## Reports Sexual Offender Information to the FDLE (Sections 5 and 7)

The bill amends ss. 944.606 and 985.481, F.S., which require the DOC and the DJJ to notify the FDLE of certain information regarding released sexual offenders, to:

- include the previously mentioned "sexual misconduct" offenses to the definition of "sexual offender" in that statute; and
- require the DOC and the DJJ to report palm prints; Internet identifiers; professional licenses, if known; passport information; and immigration status information.<sup>28</sup>

# Allows Additional Sexual Offenders to Petition for Registration Removal if Criteria are Met (Sections 2 and 3)

The bill amends s. 943.0435, F.S., to authorize sexual offenders to petition the court for removal of the registration requirement after 25 or 15 years have elapsed since the sexual offender's registration period began if certain criteria are met. While some sexual offenders would be eligible under current law to petition after his 25-year period elapsed, others would not be eligible by changes made by the bill. For example, a sexual offender must remain arrest-free during the 25-year period. Under the bill, this requirement is removed.

#### Petition for Registration Removal after 25 Years

The bill authorizes a sexual offender to petition for removal of registration requirements if 25 years have elapsed since the sexual offender's registration period began for the most recent registration-qualifying conviction or juvenile adjudication<sup>29</sup> and the following criteria are met:

- during the 25 years preceding the petition, there was no conviction or juvenile adjudication resulting in more than one-year imprisonment;
- all sanctions for registration-qualifying offenses were successfully completed;
- registration was not based upon an adult conviction for an offense for which registration removal is prohibited;<sup>30</sup> and
- pertinent only to sexual offenders whose requirement to register is based on a conviction in another state, registration is not required in that state.

### Petition for Registration Removal after 15 Years

An exception to the 25-year requirement is a registration-qualifying adult conviction of certain sex offenses. Specifically, a sexual offender may petition the court for removal of registration requirements if 15 years have elapsed since the sexual offender's registration period began for an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> The DJJ must also report vehicle information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> The offenses pertinent to juvenile adjudication are listed in s. 943.0435(1)(a)1.d., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Removal of registration requirement is prohibited if the adult conviction was for: kidnapping; sexual battery; lewd battery under s. 800.04(4)(b), F.S., where the court finds the offense involved a victim under 12 years of age or sexual activity by the use of force or coercion; lewd molestation under s. 800.04(5)(b), F.S., or s. 800.04(5)(c)2., F.S., where the court finds the offense involved unclothed genitals or genital area; any attempt or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction.

adult conviction for committing, attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit false imprisonment or possession of materials showing sexual conduct by a child (or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction) and the offender meets all of the previously-described criteria applicable to a conviction for which the 25-year period would apply.

A sexual offender's registration period is tolled during any period in which the offender is incarcerated, civilly committed, detained pursuant to chapter 985, F.S., or committed to a residential program.

The bill also amends s. 943.04354, F.S. (the "Romeo and Juliet" statute), which authorizes sexual predators and sexual offenders who committed certain sex offenses as young adults or teenagers, to petition for removal of registration requirements if certain criteria are met. The major substantive changes the bill makes to the statute include:

- changing the victim age criterion so that the victim may be as young as 13 years of age (current law: 14 years of age) when the offense was committed;
- changing the offender age criterion so that the offender may be as old as 18 (current law: 17 years of age) when the offense was committed;
- authorizing convictions and juvenile adjudications of laws of other jurisdictions to be considered as qualifying offenses if they are similar to Florida qualifying offenses; and
- authorizing the FDLE to contest the motion for removal of the registration requirements.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

# C. Government Sector Impact:

## **Impact to FDLE**

The Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) has already submitted Legislative Budget Request (LBR) Issue #3004500 "Support Critical FDLE Information Systems" that includes 2 Systems Analysts positions (one recurring and one non-recurring) for the sexual offender/predator registry. According to the FDLE, "the recurring position is to provide support for the additional functionality and enhancements that have been added and absorbed by the FDLE over the past 4 to 5 years. The non-recurring position is to provide further development/enhancements to the registry that improve data sharing, data accuracy, automation of manual processes as well as gaps identified by local law enforcement having evolved from previous legislative changes that were made and now identified as issues."

The LBR was submitted prior to consideration of any potential fiscal impact of the bill. The FDLE has indicated that most of the changes to the bill are to add additional data to the existing registry. According to the FDLE, these changes could be accomplished using existing fields and data could be collected but the FDLE does not believe that the data necessarily would be "in a usable format for law enforcement to share." Accordingly, the FDLE has provided two options for funding the impact on the department of implementing provisions of the bill:

**Option 1:** Amend the LBR to make the second System Analyst position recurring. This would not add additional costs for Year One of the LBR, but would require continued funding in Year 2 and beyond. The FDLE indicates that this option would allow continuing adjustments to the registry "as challenges in implementation are identified by law enforcement and prosecutors and as needs for the successful investigation and identification of offenders who are not complying are detected." The department believes this option would allow it to "provide timely, accurate data" to all partners and to provide a "usable and searchable format for not only registration and accountability of offenders but for investigative purposes in missing children and sexual battery investigations."

**Option 2:** Add a second non-recurring programmer in addition to the new recurring and non-recurring programmer provided for in the LBR. The FDLE believes this option would permit additional training and programming necessary to "make the changes to the system" required by the bill. However, the FDLE analysis does not specifically identify what the changes would provide as an end product. The option would require an appropriation of \$150,000 to allow for training and 1271 hours of programming.<sup>31</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Analysis of SB 528 (January 7, 2014), Florida Department of Law Enforcement (on file with the Senate Committee on Criminal Justice).

### **Impact to the Courts**

According to the Office of the State Courts Administrator (OSCA), "there were fewer than 100 failure-to-register cases filed annually in each of the past two years." In regard to the fiscal impact of the bill on the state courts system, the OSCA states that this impact "cannot be accurately determined due to the unavailability of data needed to quantifiably establish the increase in judicial workload" but "the anticipated impact on the expenditures of the State Courts System will be minimal." The OSCA indicates that jury instructions will need to be revised. 32

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 775.21, 921.0022, 943.0435, 943.04354, 943.0437, 944.606, 944.607, 985.481, and 985.4815.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Analysis of SB 528 (January 9, 2014), Office of the State Courts Administrator (on file with the Senate Committee on Criminal Justice).

By Senator Evers

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to sex offenses; amending s. 775.21, F.S.; revising definitions; providing that voluntary disclosure of specified information waives a disclosure exemption for such information; adding additional offenses to the list of sexual predator qualifying offenses; requiring disclosure of additional information during the sexual predator registration process; requiring that a sexual predator who is unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card within a specified period report a change in certain information to the local sheriff's office within a specified time after such change and confirm that he or she also reported such information to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; revising reporting requirements if a sexual predator plans to leave the United States for more than a specified time; providing criminal penalties for knowingly providing false registration information by act or omission; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 943.0435, F.S.; adding additional offenses to the list of sexual offender qualifying offenses; revising definitions; requiring disclosure of additional sexual offender registration information; requiring that a sexual offender who is unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card within a specified period report a change in certain information to the local sheriff's office within a specified period of time of such

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2-00528B-14 2014528 30 change and confirm that he or she also reported such 31 information to the Department of Highway Safety and 32 Motor Vehicles; providing additional requirements for 33 sexual offenders intending to reside outside of the 34 United States; revising criteria applicable to 35 provisions that allow removal of the requirement to 36 register as a sexual offender; tolling the 37 registration period during the offender's term of 38 incarceration, commitment to a residential program, 39 civil commitment, or detention pursuant to ch. 985, 40 F.S.; providing criminal penalties for knowingly 41 providing false registration information by act or 42 omission; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 943.04354, F.S.; revising the 4.3 44 criteria applicable to provisions that allow removal 45 of the requirement to register as a sexual offender or 46 sexual predator; amending s. 943.0437, F.S.; 47 conforming terminology; amending ss. 944.606 and 48 944.607, F.S.; adding additional offenses to the list 49 of sexual offender qualifying offenses; revising 50 definitions; requiring disclosure of additional 51 registration information; providing criminal penalties 52 for knowingly providing false registration information 53 by act or omission; conforming provisions to changes 54 made by the act; amending ss. 985.481 and 985.4815, 55 F.S.; requiring disclosure of additional registration 56 information by certain sexual offenders adjudicated 57 delinquent and certain juvenile sexual offenders; 58 providing criminal penalties for knowingly providing

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false registration information by act or omission; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; updating provisions of the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code to reflect prior changes in the law; conforming provisions of the offense severity ranking chart to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (i) of subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsections (6) and (8), and paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 775.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

775.21 The Florida Sexual Predators Act.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (i) "Internet identifier Instant message name" means all electronic mail, chat, instant messenger, social networking, or similar names used for Internet communication, but the term does not include a date of birth, social security number, or personal identification number (PIN). Voluntary disclosure by a sexual predator of his or her date of birth, social security number, or PIN as an Internet identifier waives the disclosure exemption in this paragraph for such personal information an identifier that allows a person to communicate in real time with another person using the Internet.
  - (4) SEXUAL PREDATOR CRITERIA.-
- (a) For a current offense committed on or after October 1, 1993, upon conviction, an offender shall be designated as a

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88	"sexual predator" under subsection (5), and subject to
89	registration under subsection (6) and community and public
90	notification under subsection (7) if:
91	1. The felony is:
92	a. A capital, life, or first-degree felony violation, or
93	any attempt thereof, of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim
94	is a minor and the defendant is not the ${\tt victim'}{\tt s}$ parent or
95	guardian, or s. 794.011, s. 800.04, or s. 847.0145, or a
96	violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
97	b. Any felony violation, or any attempt thereof, of $\underline{\mathbf{s}}$
98	393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s.
99	787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor and the defendant is
100	not the victim's parent or guardian; s. $787.06(3)(b)$ , (d), (f),
101	(g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s.
102	796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8)(b); <u>s. 825.1025</u> <del>s.</del>
103	<del>825.1025(2)(b)</del> ; s. 827.071; s. 847.0135(5); s. 847.0145; <u>s.</u>
104	916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or a violation of a similar law
105	of another jurisdiction, and the offender has previously been
106	convicted of or found to have committed, or has pled nolo
107	contendere or guilty to, regardless of adjudication, any
108	violation of $s. 393.135(2)$ ; $s. 394.4593(2)$ ; $s. 787.01$ , $s.$
109	787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor and the
110	defendant is not the victim's parent or guardian; s.
111	787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), (g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s.
112	794.011(10); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s.
113	825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s.
114	847.0135(6); s. 847.0145; <u>s. 916.1075(2);</u> or s. 985.701(1); or a
115	violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction;
116	2. The offender has not received a pardon for any felony or

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similar law of another jurisdiction that is necessary for the operation of this paragraph; and

- 3. A conviction of a felony or similar law of another jurisdiction necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding.
  - (6) REGISTRATION.-

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- (a) A sexual predator  $\underline{\text{shall}}$  must register with the department through the sheriff's office by providing the following information to the department:
- 1. Name; social security number; age; race; sex; date of birth; height; weight; tattoos or other identifying marks; hair and eye color; photograph; address of legal residence and address of any current temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence within the state; address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; all any electronic mail addresses address and all Internet identifiers any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to subparagraph (g) 4.; all home telephone numbers number and any cellular telephone numbers number; date and place of any employment; the make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual predator and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual predator's residence and that may be operated by the sexual predator; date and place of each conviction; fingerprints; palm prints; and a brief description of the crime or crimes committed by the offender. A post office box may shall not be provided in

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lieu of a physical residential address. The sexual predator
shall produce his or her passport, if he or she has a passport,
and, if he or she is an alien, shall produce or provide
information about documents establishing his or her immigration
status. The sexual predator shall also provide information about
any professional licenses he or she has.

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a. If the sexual predator's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined in chapter 320, the sexual predator shall also provide to the department written notice of the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If a sexual predator's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual predator shall also provide to the department written notice of the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat.

b. If the sexual predator is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual predator shall also provide to the department the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual predator's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status. Each change in enrollment, volunteer, or employment status must shall be reported in person at the sheriff's office, or the Department of Corrections if the sexual predator is in the custody or

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control of or under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, within 48 hours after any change in status. The sheriff or the Department of Corrections shall promptly notify each institution of the sexual predator's presence and any change in the sexual predator's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.

- 2. Any other information determined necessary by the department, including criminal and corrections records; nonprivileged personnel and treatment records; and evidentiary genetic markers when available.
- (b) If the sexual predator is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the Department of Corrections, or is in the custody of a private correctional facility, the sexual predator <a href="mailto:shall">shall</a> must register with the Department of Corrections. A sexual predator who is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections but who is not incarcerated <a href="mailto:shall">shall</a> must register with the Department of Corrections within 3 business days after the court finds the offender to be a sexual predator. The Department of Corrections shall provide to the department registration information and the location of, and local telephone number for, any Department of Corrections office that is responsible for supervising the sexual predator. In addition, the Department of Corrections shall notify the department if the sexual predator escapes or absconds from custody or supervision or if the sexual predator dies.
- (c) If the sexual predator is in the custody of a local jail, the custodian of the local jail shall register the sexual predator within 3 business days after intake of the sexual predator for any reason and upon release, and shall forward the

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registration information to the department. The custodian of the local jail shall also take a digitized photograph of the sexual predator while the sexual predator remains in custody and shall provide the digitized photograph to the department. The custodian shall notify the department if the sexual predator escapes from custody or dies.

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- (d) If the sexual predator is under federal supervision, the federal agency responsible for supervising the sexual predator may forward to the department any information regarding the sexual predator which is consistent with the information provided by the Department of Corrections under this section, and may indicate whether use of the information is restricted to law enforcement purposes only or may be used by the department for purposes of public notification.
- (e)1. If the sexual predator is not in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the Department of Corrections or is not in the custody of a private correctional facility, the sexual predator shall register in person:
- a. At the sheriff's office in the county where he or she establishes or maintains a residence within 48 hours after establishing or maintaining a residence in this state; and
- b. At the sheriff's office in the county where he or she was designated a sexual predator by the court within 48 hours after such finding is made.
- 2. Any change in the sexual predator's permanent or temporary residence, name, or any electronic mail addresses, or <a href="Internet identifiers">Internet identifiers</a> address and any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to subparagraph (g) 4., after the sexual predator registers in person at the sheriff's office

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as provided in subparagraph 1., <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be accomplished in the manner provided in paragraphs (g), (i), and (j). When a sexual predator registers with the sheriff's office, the sheriff shall take a photograph, <u>and</u> a set of fingerprints, <u>and palm prints</u> of the predator and forward the photographs, <u>palm prints</u>, and fingerprints to the department, along with the information that the predator is required to provide pursuant to this section.

- (f) Within 48 hours after the registration required under paragraph (a) or paragraph (e), a sexual predator who is not incarcerated and who resides in the community, including a sexual predator under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, shall register in person at a <u>driver driver's</u> license office of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and shall present proof of registration. At the <u>driver driver's</u> license office the sexual predator shall:
- 1. If otherwise qualified, secure a Florida driver driver's license, renew a Florida driver driver's license, or secure an identification card. The sexual predator shall identify himself or herself as a sexual predator who is required to comply with this section, provide his or her place of permanent, temporary, or transient residence, including a rural route address and a post office box, and submit to the taking of a photograph for use in issuing a driver driver's license, renewed license, or identification card, and for use by the department in maintaining current records of sexual predators. A post office box may shall not be provided in lieu of a physical residential address. If the sexual predator's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined

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in chapter 320, the sexual predator shall also provide to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If a sexual predator's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, 2.68 or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual predator shall also provide to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat.

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- 2. Pay the costs assessed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for issuing or renewing a <u>driver</u> driver's license or identification card as required by this section. The <u>driver driver's</u> license or identification card issued to the sexual predator must <u>comply</u> be in compliance with s. 322.141(3).
- 3. Provide, upon request, any additional information necessary to confirm the identity of the sexual predator, including a set of fingerprints.
- (g)1. Each time a sexual predator's <u>driver</u> <u>driver's</u> license or identification card is subject to renewal, and, without regard to the status of the predator's <u>driver</u> <u>driver's</u> license or identification card, within 48 hours after any change of the predator's residence or change in the predator's name by reason of marriage or other legal process, the predator shall report in person to a <u>driver driver's</u> license office and <u>is shall be</u> subject to the requirements specified in paragraph (f). The

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2-00528B-14 2014528 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall forward to the department and to the Department of Corrections all photographs and information provided by sexual predators. Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in s. 322.142, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may is authorized to release a reproduction of a color-photograph or digital-image license to the Department of Law Enforcement for purposes of public notification of sexual predators as provided in this section. A sexual predator who is unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles as provided in paragraph (f) and this paragraph shall also report any change of the predator's residence or change in the predator's name by reason of marriage or other legal process within 48 hours after the change to the sheriff's office in the county where the predator resides or is located and provide confirmation that he or she reported such information to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

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2. A sexual predator who vacates a permanent, temporary, or transient residence and fails to establish or maintain another permanent, temporary, or transient residence shall, within 48 hours after vacating the permanent, temporary, or transient residence, report in person to the sheriff's office of the county in which he or she is located. The sexual predator shall specify the date upon which he or she intends to or did vacate such residence. The sexual predator shall must provide or update all of the registration information required under paragraph (a). The sexual predator shall must provide an address for the residence or other place that he or she is or will be located

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320 during the time in which he or she fails to establish or maintain a permanent or temporary residence.

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- 3. A sexual predator who remains at a permanent, temporary, or transient residence after reporting his or her intent to vacate such residence shall, within 48 hours after the date upon which the predator indicated he or she would or did vacate such residence, report in person to the sheriff's office to which he or she reported pursuant to subparagraph 2. for the purpose of reporting his or her address at such residence. When the sheriff receives the report, the sheriff shall promptly convey the information to the department. An offender who makes a report as required under subparagraph 2. but fails to make a report as required under this subparagraph commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 4. A sexual predator shall must register all any electronic mail addresses and Internet identifiers address or instant message name with the department before prior to using such electronic mail addresses and Internet identifiers address or instant message name on or after October 1, 2007. The department shall establish an online system through which sexual predators may securely access and update all electronic mail address and Internet identifier instant message name information.
- (h) The department shall must notify the sheriff and the state attorney of the county and, if applicable, the police chief of the municipality, where the sexual predator maintains a residence.
- (i) A sexual predator who intends to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in another state or

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jurisdiction other than the State of Florida shall report in person to the sheriff of the county of current residence within 48 hours before the date he or she intends to leave this state to establish residence in another state or jurisdiction or within 21 days before his or her planned departure date if the intended residence of 5 days or more is outside of the United States. The sexual predator shall must provide to the sheriff the address, municipality, county, and state, and country of intended residence. The sheriff shall promptly provide to the department the information received from the sexual predator. The department shall notify the statewide law enforcement agency, or a comparable agency, in the intended state, or jurisdiction, or country of residence of the sexual predator's intended residence. The failure of a sexual predator to provide his or her intended place of residence is punishable as provided in subsection (10).

(j) A sexual predator who indicates his or her intent to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in another state, a explorisdiction other than the State of Florida, or another country and later decides to remain in this state shall, within 48 hours after the date upon which the sexual predator indicated he or she would leave this state, report in person to the sheriff to which the sexual predator reported the intended change of residence, and report his or her intent to remain in this state. If the sheriff is notified by the sexual predator that he or she intends to remain in this state, the sheriff shall promptly report this information to the department. A sexual predator who reports his or her intent to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in

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another state, a or jurisdiction other than the State of Florida, or another country, but who remains in this state without reporting to the sheriff in the manner required by this paragraph, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (k)1. The department is responsible for the online maintenance of current information regarding each registered sexual predator. The department <a href="maintain">shall</a> must maintain hotline access for state, local, and federal law enforcement agencies to obtain instantaneous locator file and offender characteristics information on all released registered sexual predators for purposes of monitoring, tracking, and prosecution. The photograph and fingerprints do not have to be stored in a computerized format.
- 2. The department's sexual predator registration list, containing the information described in subparagraph (a)1., is a public record. The department may is authorized to disseminate this public information by any means deemed appropriate, including operating a toll-free telephone number for this purpose. When the department provides information regarding a registered sexual predator to the public, department personnel shall must advise the person making the inquiry that positive identification of a person believed to be a sexual predator cannot be established unless a fingerprint comparison is made, and that it is illegal to use public information regarding a registered sexual predator to facilitate the commission of a crime.
- 3. The department shall adopt guidelines as necessary regarding the registration of sexual predators and the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$

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dissemination of information regarding sexual predators as required by this section.

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- (1) A sexual predator shall must maintain registration with the department for the duration of his or her life, unless the sexual predator has received a full pardon or has had a conviction set aside in a postconviction proceeding for any offense that met the criteria for the sexual predator designation.
- (8) VERIFICATION.-The department and the Department of Corrections shall implement a system for verifying the addresses of sexual predators. The system must be consistent with the provisions of the federal Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 and any other federal standards applicable to such verification or required to be met as a condition for the receipt of federal funds by the state. The Department of Corrections shall verify the addresses of sexual predators who are not incarcerated but who reside in the community under the supervision of the Department of Corrections and shall report to the department any failure by a sexual predator to comply with registration requirements. County and local law enforcement agencies, in conjunction with the department, shall verify the addresses of sexual predators who are not under the care, custody, control, or supervision of the Department of Corrections. Local law enforcement agencies shall report to the department any failure by a sexual predator to comply with registration requirements.
- (a) A sexual predator shall must report in person each year during the month of the sexual predator's birthday and during every third month thereafter to the sheriff's office in the

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2014528 436 county in which he or she resides or is otherwise located to 437 reregister. The sheriff's office may determine the appropriate 438 times and days for reporting by the sexual predator, which must shall be consistent with the reporting requirements of this 440 paragraph. Reregistration must shall include any changes to the 441 following information:

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1. Name; social security number; age; race; sex; date of birth; height; weight; tattoos or other identifying marks; hair and eye color; address of any permanent residence and address of any current temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence within the state; address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; all any electronic mail addresses or Internet identifiers address and any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to subparagraph (6)(q)4.; all home telephone numbers or number and any cellular telephone numbers number; date and place of any employment; the vehicle make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual predator and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual predator's residence and that may be operated by the sexual predator; fingerprints; palm prints; and photograph. A post office box may shall not be provided in lieu of a physical residential address. The sexual predator shall also produce his or her passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, shall produce or provide information about documents establishing his or her immigration status. The sexual predator shall also

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provide information about any professional licenses he or she has.

- 2. If the sexual predator is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual predator shall also provide to the department the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual predator's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.
- 3. If the sexual predator's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined in chapter 320, the sexual predator shall also provide the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If the sexual predator's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual predator shall also provide the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat.
- (b) The sheriff's office shall, within 2 working days, electronically submit and update all information provided by the sexual predator to the department in a manner prescribed by the department.
  - (10) PENALTIES .-

(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided, a sexual predator who fails to register; who fails, after registration, to maintain, acquire, or renew a  $\underline{\text{driver}}$   $\underline{\text{driver's}}$  license or

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494	identification card; who fails to provide required location
495	information, electronic mail address information before use,
496	Internet identifier instant message name information before use,
497	<u>all</u> home telephone <u>numbers</u> number and any cellular telephone
498	<pre>numbers number, or change-of-name information; who fails to make</pre>
499	a required report in connection with vacating a permanent
500	residence; who fails to reregister as required; who fails to
501	respond to any address verification correspondence from the
502	department within 3 weeks of the date of the correspondence; who
503	knowingly provides false registration information by act or
504	<pre>omission; or who otherwise fails, by act or omission, to comply</pre>
505	with the requirements of this section, commits a felony of the
506	third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
507	or s. 775.084.
508	Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (1),
509	subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (4),
510	subsections (7), (8), and (11), and paragraph (c) of subsection
511	(14) of section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
512	943.0435 Sexual offenders required to register with the
513	department; penalty
514	(1) As used in this section, the term:
515	(a)1. "Sexual offender" means a person who meets the
516	criteria in sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., sub-
517	subparagraph c., or sub-subparagraph d., as follows:
518	a.(I) Has been convicted of committing, or attempting,
519	soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal
520	offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or
521	similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s.
522	394 4593(2) · s 787 01 s 787 02 or s 787 025(2)(c) where

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the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent or guardian; s. 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), (g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph; and

(II) Has been released on or after October 1, 1997, from the sanction imposed for any conviction of an offense described in sub-sub-subparagraph (I). For purposes of sub-sub-subparagraph (I), a sanction imposed in this state or in any other jurisdiction includes, but is not limited to, a fine, probation, community control, parole, conditional release, control release, or incarceration in a state prison, federal prison, private correctional facility, or local detention facility;

b. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court of this state but who has been designated as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in another state or jurisdiction and was, as a result of such designation, subjected to registration or community or public notification, or both, or would be if the person were a resident of that state or jurisdiction, without regard to whether the person otherwise meets the criteria for registration as a sexual offender;

c. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state who

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552	is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of,
553	any other state or jurisdiction as a result of a conviction for
554	committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit,
555	any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following
556	statutes or similar offense in another jurisdiction: $\underline{\mathbf{s.}}$
557	<u>393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2);</u> s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s.
558	787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor and the defendant is
559	not the victim's parent or guardian; s. $787.06(3)(b)$ , (d), (f),
560	(g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s.
561	796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s.
562	827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s.
563	847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; <u>s. 916.1075(2);</u> or s.
564	985.701(1); or any similar offense committed in this state which
565	has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of
566	those listed in this sub-subparagraph; or
567	d. On or after July 1, 2007, has been adjudicated
568	delinquent for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or
569	conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in
570	the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in
571	another jurisdiction when the juvenile was 14 years of age or
572	older at the time of the offense:
573	(I) Section 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10);
574	(II) Section $800.04(4)(b)$ where the victim is under $12$
575	years of age or where the court finds sexual activity by the use
576	of force or coercion;
577	(III) Section $800.04(5)(c)1$ . where the court finds
578	molestation involving unclothed genitals; or
579	(IV) Section $800.04(5)$ (d) where the court finds the use of
580	force or coercion and unclothed genitals.

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2. For all qualifying offenses listed in sub-subparagraph (1)(a)1.d., the court shall make a written finding of the age of the offender at the time of the offense.

For each violation of a qualifying offense listed in this subsection, except for a violation of s. 794.011, the court shall make a written finding of the age of the victim at the time of the offense. For a violation of s. 800.04(4), the court shall also additionally make a written finding indicating whether that the offense involved did or did not involve sexual activity and indicating whether that the offense involved did or did not involved did or did not involved force or coercion. For a violation of s. 800.04(5), the court shall also additionally make a written finding that the offense did or did not involve unclothed genitals or genital area and that the offense did or did not involve the use of force or coercion.

- (g) "Internet identifier Instant message name" has the same meaning as provided in s. 775.21 means an identifier that allows a person to communicate in real time with another person using the Internet.
  - (2) A sexual offender shall:

- (a) Report in person at the sheriff's office:
- 1. In the county in which the offender establishes or maintains a permanent, temporary, or transient residence within 48 hours after:
- a. Establishing permanent, temporary, or transient residence in this state; or
- b. Being released from the custody, control, or supervision of the Department of Corrections or from the custody of a

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private correctional facility; or

2. In the county where he or she was convicted within 48 hours after being convicted for a qualifying offense for registration under this section if the offender is not in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the Department of Corrections, or is not in the custody of a private correctional facility.

Any change in the information required to be provided pursuant to paragraph (b), including, but not limited to, any change in the sexual offender's permanent, temporary, or transient residence, name, any electronic mail addresses, or Internet identifiers address and any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to paragraph (4)(d), after the sexual offender reports in person at the sheriff's office, must shall be accomplished in the manner provided in subsections (4), (7), and (8).

(b) Provide his or her name; date of birth; social security number; race; sex; height; weight; hair and eye color; tattoos or other identifying marks; fingerprints; palm prints; photograph; occupation and place of employment; address of permanent or legal residence or address of any current temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence within the state, address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; the make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender

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and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual offender's residence and that may be operated by the sexual offender; all home telephone numbers number and any cellular telephone numbers number; all any electronic mail addresses address and all Internet identifiers any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to paragraph (4)(d); date and place of each conviction; and a brief description of the crime or crimes committed by the offender. A post office box may shall not be provided in lieu of a physical residential address. The sexual offender shall also produce his or her passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, shall produce or provide information about documents establishing his or her immigration status. The sexual offender shall also provide information about any professional licenses he or she has.

1. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined in chapter 320, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department through the sheriff's office written notice of the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department written notice of the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat.

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2. If the sexual offender is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department through the sheriff's office the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status. Each change in enrollment, volunteer, or employment status must shall be reported in person at the sheriff's office, within 48 hours after any change in status. The sheriff shall promptly notify each institution of the sexual offender's presence and any change in the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.

(c) Provide any other information determined necessary by the department, including criminal and corrections records; nonprivileged personnel and treatment records; and evidentiary genetic markers, when available.

When a sexual offender reports at the sheriff's office, the sheriff shall take a photograph, and a set of fingerprints, and palm prints of the offender and forward the photographs, palm prints, and fingerprints to the department, along with the information provided by the sexual offender. The sheriff shall promptly provide to the department the information received from the sexual offender.

(4) (a) Each time a sexual offender's <u>driver</u> driver's license or identification card is subject to renewal, and, without regard to the status of the offender's <u>driver</u> driver's license or identification card, within 48 hours after any change in the offender's permanent, temporary, or transient residence

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2014528 or change in the offender's name by reason of marriage or other legal process, the offender shall report in person to a driver driver's license office, and is shall be subject to the requirements specified in subsection (3). The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall forward to the department all photographs and information provided by sexual offenders. Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in s. 322.142, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may is authorized to release a reproduction of a color-photograph or digital-image license to the Department of Law Enforcement for purposes of public notification of sexual offenders as provided in this section and ss. 943.043 and 944.606. A sexual offender who is unable to secure or update a driver license or identification card with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles as provided in subsection (3) and this subsection shall also report any change in the sexual offender's permanent, temporary, or transient residence or change in the offender's name by reason of marriage or other legal process within 48 hours after the change to the sheriff's office in the county

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(d) A sexual offender shall must register all any electronic mail addresses and Internet identifiers address or instant message name with the department before using such electronic mail addresses and Internet identifiers address or instant message name. The department shall establish an online system through which sexual offenders may securely access and update all electronic mail address and Internet identifier

confirmation that he or she reported such information to the

where the offender resides or is located and provide

Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

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instant message name information.

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- (7) A sexual offender who intends to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in another state or jurisdiction other than the State of Florida shall report in person to the sheriff of the county of current residence within 48 hours before the date he or she intends to leave this state to establish residence in another state or jurisdiction or within 21 days before his or her planned departure date if the intended residence of 5 days or more is outside of the United States. The notification must include the address, municipality, county, and state, and country of intended residence. The sheriff shall promptly provide to the department the information received from the sexual offender. The department shall notify the statewide law enforcement agency, or a comparable agency, in the intended state, or jurisdiction, or country of residence of the sexual offender's intended residence. The failure of a sexual offender to provide his or her intended place of residence is punishable as provided in subsection (9).
- (8) A sexual offender who indicates his or her intent to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in another state, a or jurisdiction other than the State of Florida, or another country and later decides to remain in this state shall, within 48 hours after the date upon which the sexual offender indicated he or she would leave this state, report in person to the sheriff to which the sexual offender reported the intended change of permanent, temporary, or transient residence, and report his or her intent to remain in this state. The sheriff shall promptly report this information to the department. A sexual offender who reports his or her

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intent to establish a permanent, temporary, or transient residence in another state, a er jurisdiction other than the State of Florida, or another country but who remains in this state without reporting to the sheriff in the manner required by this subsection commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (11) Except as provided in this subsection and s. 943.04354, a sexual offender shall must maintain registration with the department for the duration of his or her life, unless the sexual offender has received a full pardon or has had a conviction set aside in a postconviction proceeding for any offense that meets the criteria for classifying the person as a sexual offender for purposes of registration. However, a sexual offender:
- (a)1. A sexual offender may petition the criminal division of the circuit court of the circuit in which the sexual offender resides for the purpose of removing the requirement for registration as a sexual offender if Who has been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or sanction, whichever is later, for at least 25 years and has not been arrested for any felony or misdemeanor offense since release, provided that the sexual offender's requirement to register was not based upon an adult conviction:
- a. Twenty-five years have elapsed since the beginning of the registration period for the sexual offender's most recent conviction that required the offender to register;
- b. The sexual offender has not been convicted or adjudicated delinquent of a felony offense or of an offense punishable by more than 1 year of imprisonment during the 25

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784	years preceding the petition to the court;			
785	c. The sexual offender has successfully completed all			
786	sanctions imposed for all offenses that required the offender to			
787	<pre>register;</pre>			
788	d. The sexual offender's requirement to register was not			
789	based upon an adult conviction for:			
790	(I) A violation of s. 787.01; s. 794.011, excluding s.			
791	794.011(10); s. 800.04(4)(b) if the court finds the offense			
792	involved a victim younger than 12 years of age or a sexual			
793	activity by the use of force or coercion; s. 800.04(5)(b); or s.			
794	800.04(5)(c)2. if the court finds the offense involved unclothed			
795	<pre>genitals or genital area;</pre>			
796	(II) An attempt or conspiracy to commit any offense listed			
797	in this sub-subparagraph; or			
798	(III) A violation of similar law of another jurisdiction;			
799	and			
800	e. For sexual offenders whose requirement to register is			
801	based upon a conviction in another state, the sexual offender is			
802	not required to register as a sexual offender pursuant to the			
803	laws of the state in which the conviction occurred. Such an			
804	offender must provide the court written confirmation that he or			
805	she is not required to register in the state in which the			
806	conviction occurred.			
807	a. For a violation of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02;			
808	b. For a violation of s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10);			
809	c. For a violation of s. 800.04(4)(b) where the court finds			
810	the offense involved a victim under 12 years of age or sexual			
811	activity by the use of force or coercion;			
812	d. For a violation of s. 800.04(5)(b);			

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813	e. For a violation of s. 800.04(5)c.2. where the court
814	finds the offense involved unclothed genitals or genital area;
815	f. For any attempt or conspiracy to commit any such
816	offense; or
817	g. For a violation of similar law of another jurisdiction,
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819	may petition the criminal division of the circuit court of the
820	circuit in which the sexual offender resides for the purpose of
821	removing the requirement for registration as a sexual offender.
822	2. A sexual offender whose requirement to register was
823	based upon an adult conviction for a violation of s. 787.02 or
824	s. 827.071(5), for an attempt or conspiracy to commit any
825	offense listed in this subparagraph, or for a violation of
826	similar law of another jurisdiction may petition the criminal
827	division of the circuit court of the circuit in which the sexual
828	offender resides for the purpose of removing the requirement for
829	registration as a sexual offender if:
830	a. Fifteen years have elapsed since the beginning of the
831	registration period for the sexual offender's most recent
832	conviction that required the offender to register;
833	b. The sexual offender has not been convicted or
834	adjudicated delinquent of a felony offense or of an offense
835	punishable by more than 1 year of imprisonment during the 10
836	years preceding the petition to the court;
837	c. The sexual offender has successfully completed all
838	sanctions imposed for all offenses that required the offender to
839	register; and
840	d. For sexual offenders whose requirement to register is
841	based upon a conviction in another state, the sexual offender is

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842	not required to register as a sexual offender pursuant to the				
843	laws of the state in which the conviction occurred. Such an				
844	offender must provide the court written confirmation that he or				
845	she is not required to register in the state in which the				
846	conviction occurred.				
847	3. A sexual offender required to register under sub-				
848	subparagraph (1)(a)1.d. may petition the criminal division of				
849	the circuit court of the circuit in which the sexual offender				
850	resides for the purpose of removing the requirement for				
851	registration as a sexual offender if:				
852	a. Twenty-five years have elapsed since the beginning of				
853	the registration period for the sexual offender's most recent				
854	conviction that required the offender to register;				
855	b. The sexual offender has not been convicted or				
856	adjudicated delinquent of any felony offense or of an offense				
857	punishable by more than 1 year of imprisonment during the 25				
858	years preceding the petition to the court; and				
859	c. The sexual offender has successfully completed all				
860	sanctions imposed for all offenses that required the offender to				
861	register.				
862	$\underline{4.2.}$ The court may grant or deny relief if the offender				
863	demonstrates to the court that <del>he or she has not been arrested</del>				
864	for any crime since release; the requested relief complies with				
865	this paragraph, the provisions of the federal Adam Walsh Child				
866	Protection and Safety Act of 2006, and any other federal				
867	standards applicable to the removal of registration requirements				
868	for a sexual offender or required to be met as a condition for				
869	the receipt of federal funds by the state; and the court is				
870	otherwise satisfied that the offender is not a current or				

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potential threat to public safety. The state attorney in the circuit in which the petition is filed and the department must be given notice of the petition at least 3 weeks before the hearing on the matter. The state attorney may present evidence in opposition to the requested relief or may otherwise demonstrate the reasons why the petition should be denied. If the court grants the petition, the court shall instruct the petitioner to provide the department with a certified copy of the order granting relief. If the court denies the petition, the court may set a future date at which the sexual offender may again petition the court for relief, subject to the standards for relief provided in this subsection.

5.3. The department shall remove an offender from classification as a sexual offender for purposes of registration if the offender provides to the department a certified copy of the court's written findings or order that indicates that the offender is no longer required to comply with the requirements for registration as a sexual offender.

#### 6. For purposes of this paragraph:

- a. The registration period of a sexual offender sentenced to a term of incarceration or committed to a residential program begins upon the offender's release from incarceration or commitment for the most recent conviction that required the offender to register.
- b. A sexual offender's registration period is tolled during any period in which the offender is incarcerated, civilly committed, detained pursuant to chapter 985, or committed to a residential program.
  - (b) A sexual offender as defined in sub-subparagraph

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(1) (a) 1.b. must maintain registration with the department for the duration of his or her life until the person provides the department with an order issued by the court that designated the person as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in the state or jurisdiction in which the order was issued which states that such designation has been removed or demonstrates to the department that such designation, if not imposed by a court, has been removed by operation of law or court order in the state or jurisdiction in which the designation was made, and provided

(14)

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(c) The sheriff's office may determine the appropriate times and days for reporting by the sexual offender, which  $\underline{\text{must}}$   $\underline{\text{shall}}$  be consistent with the reporting requirements of this subsection. Reregistration  $\underline{\text{must}}$   $\underline{\text{shall}}$  include any changes to the following information:

such person no longer meets the criteria for registration as a

sexual offender under the laws of this state.

1. Name; social security number; age; race; sex; date of birth; height; weight; hair and eye color; address of any permanent residence and address of any current temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence within the state; address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; all any electronic mail addresses or Internet identifiers address and any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to paragraph (4)(d); all home telephone numbers and

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number and any cellular telephone numbers number; date and place of any employment; the vehicle make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual offender's residence and that may be operated by the sexual offender; fingerprints; palm prints; and photograph. A post office box may shall not be provided in lieu of a physical residential address. The sexual offender shall also produce his or her passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, shall produce or provide information about documents establishing his or her immigration status. The sexual offender shall also provide information about any professional licenses he or she has.

- 2. If the sexual offender is enrolled, <u>volunteering</u>, employed, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.
- 3. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined in chapter 320, the sexual offender shall also provide the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual offender shall also provide the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the

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vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel or houseboat.

4. Any sexual offender who fails to report in person as required at the sheriff's office, or who fails to respond to any address verification correspondence from the department within 3 weeks of the date of the correspondence, or who fails to report all electronic mail addresses and all Internet identifiers prior to use or instant message names, or who knowingly provides false registration information by act or omission commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 3. Section 943.04354, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.04354 Removal of the requirement to register as a sexual offender or sexual predator in special circumstances.—

- (1) For purposes of this section, a person shall be considered for removal of the requirement to register as a sexual offender or sexual predator only if the person:
- (a) Was or will be convicted, regardless of adjudication, or adjudicated delinquent of a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0135(5) or of a similar offense in another jurisdiction or the person committed a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0135(5) for which adjudication of guilt was or will be withheld, and if the person does not have any other conviction, regardless of adjudication, or adjudication of delinquency, or withhold of adjudication of guilt for a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0135(5) or for a similar offense in another jurisdiction;

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(b) 1. Was convicted, regardless of adjudication, or adjudicated delinquent of an offense listed in paragraph (a) and is required to register as a sexual offender or sexual predator solely on the basis of this conviction or adjudication; or violation; and

- 2. Was convicted, regardless of adjudication, or adjudicated delinquent of an offense in another jurisdiction which is similar to an offense listed in paragraph (a) and no longer meets the criteria for registration as a sexual offender or sexual predator under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the similar offense occurred; and
- (c) Is not more than 4 years older than the victim of this violation who was  $\underline{13}$   $\underline{14}$  years of age or older but <u>younger</u> not more than  $\underline{18}$   $\underline{17}$  years of age at the time the person committed this violation.
- (2) If a person meets the criteria in subsection (1) and the violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0135(5) was committed on or after July 1, 2007, the person may move the criminal court of the circuit in which the offense occurred or the sentencing court or, for persons convicted or adjudicated delinquent of a qualifying offense in another jurisdiction, the criminal court of the circuit in which the person resides that will sentence or dispose of this violation to remove the requirement that the person register as a sexual offender or sexual predator. The person must allege in the motion that he or she meets the criteria in subsection (1) and that removal of the registration requirement will not conflict with federal law. A person convicted or adjudicated delinquent of an offense in another jurisdiction which is similar to an

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1016	offense listed in paragraph (1)(a) must provide the court
1017	written confirmation that he or she is not required to register
1018	in the jurisdiction in which the conviction or adjudication
1019	occurred. The state attorney and the department must be given
1020	notice of the motion at least 21 days before the date of
1021	sentencing, or disposition of the this violation, or hearing on
1022	the motion and may present evidence in opposition to the
1023	requested relief or may otherwise demonstrate why the motion
1024	should be denied. At sentencing, or disposition of $\underline{\text{the}}$ this
1025	violation, or hearing on the motion, the court shall rule on $\underline{\text{the}}$
1026	$\frac{1}{2}$ motion, and, if the court determines the person meets the
1027	criteria in subsection (1) and the removal of the registration
1028	requirement will not conflict with federal law, it may grant the
1029	motion and order the removal of the registration requirement.
1030	The court shall instruct the person to provide the department a
1031	<u>certified copy of the order granting relief.</u> If the court denies
1032	the motion, the person is not authorized under this section to
1033	$\underline{\text{file another motion}}$ $\underline{\text{petition}}$ for removal of the registration
1034	requirement.
1035	(3) (a) This subsection applies to a person who:
1036	1. Is not a person described in subsection (2) because the
1037	violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, or s. 827.071 was not
1038	committed on or after July 1, 2007;
1039	2. Is subject to registration as a sexual offender or
1040	sexual predator for a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, or s.
1041	827.071; and
1042	3. Meets the criteria in subsection (1).
1043	(b) A person may petition the court in which the sentence
1044	or disposition for the violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, or s.

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1045 827.071 occurred for removal of the requirement to register as a 1046 sexual offender or sexual predator. The person must allege in 1047 the petition that he or she meets the criteria in subsection (1) 1048 and removal of the registration requirement will not conflict 1049 with federal law. The state attorney must be given notice of the petition at least 21 days before the hearing on the petition and 1050 1051 may present evidence in opposition to the requested relief or 1052 may otherwise demonstrate why the petition should be denied. The 1053 court shall rule on the petition and, if the court determines 1054 the person meets the criteria in subsection (1) and removal of 1055 the registration requirement will not conflict with federal law, 1056 it may grant the petition and order the removal of the

registration requirement. If the court denies the petition, the

person is not authorized under this section to file any further

petition for removal of the registration requirement.

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(3)(4) If a person provides to the Department of Law Enforcement a certified copy of the court's order removing the requirement that the person register as a sexual offender or sexual predator for the violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0135(5), or a similar offense in another jurisdiction, the registration requirement will not apply to the person and the department shall remove all information about the person from the public registry of sexual offenders and sexual predators maintained by the department. However, the removal of this information from the public registry does not mean that the public is denied access to information about the person's criminal history or record that is otherwise available as a public record.

Section 4. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 943.0437,

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1074	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1075	943.0437 Commercial social networking websites.—
1076	(2) The department may provide information relating to
1077	electronic mail addresses and <u>Internet identifiers</u> instant
1078	message names maintained as part of the sexual offender registry
1079	to commercial social networking websites or third parties
1080	designated by commercial social networking websites. The
1081	commercial social networking website may use this information
1082	for the purpose of comparing registered users and screening
1083	potential users of the commercial social networking website
1084	against the list of electronic mail addresses and $\underline{\text{Internet}}$
1085	$\underline{\text{identifiers}}$ $\underline{\text{instant message names}}$ provided by the department.
1086	(3) This section $\underline{\text{does not}}$ $\underline{\text{shall not be construed to}}$ impose
1087	any civil liability on a commercial social networking website
1088	for:
1089	(a) Any action voluntarily taken in good faith to remove or
1090	disable any profile of a registered user associated with an
1091	electronic mail address or $\underline{\text{Internet identifier}}$ $\underline{\text{instant message}}$
1092	name contained in the sexual offender registry.
1093	(b) Any action taken to restrict access by such registered
1094	user to the commercial social networking website.
1095	Section 5. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) and
1096	paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 944.606, Florida
1097	Statutes, are amended to read:
1098	944.606 Sexual offenders; notification upon release
1099	(1) As used in this section:
1100	(b) "Sexual offender" means a person who has been convicted
1101	of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to
1102	commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following

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2-00528B-14 2014528 1103 statutes in this state or similar offenses in another 1104 jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 1105 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor and the 1106 defendant is not the victim's parent or quardian; s. 1107 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), (g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 1108 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 1109 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, 1110 excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; 1111 s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or any similar offense 1112 committed in this state which has been redesignated from a 1113 former statute number to one of those listed in this subsection, 1114 when the department has received verified information regarding 1115 such conviction; an offender's computerized criminal history 1116 record is not, in and of itself, verified information.

(d) <u>"Internet identifier"</u> has the same meaning as provided in s. 775.21 <u>"Instant message name"</u> means an identifier that allows a person to communicate in real time with another person using the Internet.

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- (3) (a) The department <u>shall must</u> provide information regarding any sexual offender who is being released after serving a period of incarceration for any offense, as follows:
- 1. The department <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> provide: the sexual offender's name, any change in the offender's name by reason of marriage or other legal process, and any alias, if known; the correctional facility from which the sexual offender is released; the sexual offender's social security number, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, and hair and eye color; address of any planned permanent residence or temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office

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2-00528B-14 2014528 1132 box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient 1133 residence within the state; address, location or description, 1134 and dates of any known future temporary residence within the 1135 state or out of state; date and county of sentence and each 1136 crime for which the offender was sentenced; a copy of the 1137 offender's fingerprints, palm prints, and a digitized photograph 1138 taken within 60 days before release; the date of release of the 1139 sexual offender; all any electronic mail addresses address and 1140 all Internet identifiers any instant message name required to be 1141 provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(d); all and home telephone 1142 numbers number and any cellular telephone numbers; information 1143 about any professional licenses the offender has, if known; and 1144 passport information, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or 1145 she is an alien, information about documents establishing his or 1146 her immigration status number. The department shall notify the 1147 Department of Law Enforcement if the sexual offender escapes, absconds, or dies. If the sexual offender is in the custody of a 1148 1149 private correctional facility, the facility shall take the 1150 digitized photograph of the sexual offender within 60 days 1151 before the sexual offender's release and provide this photograph 1152 to the Department of Corrections and also place it in the sexual 1153 offender's file. If the sexual offender is in the custody of a 1154 local jail, the custodian of the local jail shall register the 1155 offender within 3 business days after intake of the offender for 1156 any reason and upon release, and shall notify the Department of 1157 Law Enforcement of the sexual offender's release and provide to 1158 the Department of Law Enforcement the information specified in 1159 this paragraph and any information specified in subparagraph 2. that the Department of Law Enforcement requests. 1160

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2. The department may provide any other information deemed necessary, including criminal and corrections records, nonprivileged personnel and treatment records, when available.

Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subsection (1), subsection (4), and paragraph (c) of subsection (13) of section 944.607, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Sexual offender" means a person who is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the department or is in the custody of a private correctional facility:
- 1. On or after October 1, 1997, as a result of a conviction for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent or guardian; s. 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), (g), or (h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this paragraph; or
- 2. Who establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court

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(4) A sexual offender, as described in this section, who is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections but is not incarcerated <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> register with the Department of Corrections within 3 business days after sentencing for a registrable offense and otherwise provide information as required by this subsection.

(a) The sexual offender shall provide his or her name; date of birth; social security number; race; sex; height; weight; hair and eye color; tattoos or other identifying marks; all any electronic mail addresses address and Internet identifiers any instant message name required to be provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(d); all home telephone numbers and cellular telephone numbers; the make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual offender's residence and that may be operated by the sexual offender; permanent or legal residence

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(b) If the sexual offender is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall provide the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status. Each change in enrollment, volunteer, or employment status must shall be reported to the department within 48 hours after the change in status. The Department of Corrections shall promptly notify each institution of the sexual offender's presence and any change in the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.

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(c) The sheriff's office may determine the appropriate times and days for reporting by the sexual offender, which <u>must shall</u> be consistent with the reporting requirements of this subsection. Reregistration <u>must shall</u> include any changes to the following information:

1253 1254 1. Name; social security number; age; race; sex; date of 1255 birth; height; weight; hair and eye color; address of any 1256 permanent residence and address of any current temporary 1257 residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural 1258 route address and a post office box; if no permanent or 1259 temporary address, any transient residence; address, location or 1260 description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; all any electronic 1261 1262 mail addresses and Internet identifiers address and any instant 1263 message name required to be provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(d); all home telephone numbers and cellular 1264 1265 telephone numbers; date and place of any employment; the vehicle 1266 make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number 1267 of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual 1268 1269 offender's residence and that may be operated by the sexual 1270 offender; fingerprints; palm prints; and photograph. A post 1271 office box may shall not be provided in lieu of a physical 1272 residential address. The sexual offender shall also produce his 1273 or her passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she 1274 is an alien, shall produce or provide information about 1275 documents establishing his or her immigration status. The sexual 1276 offender shall also provide information about any professional

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#### licenses he or she has.

- 2. If the sexual offender is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.
- 3. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined in chapter 320, the sexual offender shall also provide the vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the sexual offender shall also provide the hull identification number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration number; and a description, including color scheme, of the vessel, live-aboard vessel or houseboat.
- 4. Any sexual offender who fails to report in person as required at the sheriff's office, or who fails to respond to any address verification correspondence from the department within 3 weeks of the date of the correspondence, or who fails to report all electronic mail addresses or Internet identifiers prior to use or instant message names, or who knowingly provides false registration information by act or omission commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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1306	Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
1307	985.481, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1308	985.481 Sexual offenders adjudicated delinquent;
1309	notification upon release
1310	(3)(a) The department $\underline{\text{shall}}$ $\underline{\text{must}}$ provide information
1311	regarding any sexual offender who is being released after
1312	serving a period of residential commitment under the department
1313	for any offense, as follows:
1314	1. The department $\underline{shall}$ $\underline{must}$ provide the sexual offender's
1315	name, any change in the offender's name by reason of marriage or
1316	other legal process, and any alias, if known; the correctional
1317	facility from which the sexual offender is released; the sexual
1318	offender's social security number, race, sex, date of birth,
1319	height, weight, and hair and eye color; the make, model, color,
1320	registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles
1321	owned by the sexual offender and all vehicles that are owned by
1322	a person who resides at the sexual offender's residence and that
1323	<pre>may be operated by the sexual offender, if known; address of any</pre>
1324	planned permanent residence or temporary residence, within the
1325	state or out of state, including a rural route address and a
1326	post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any
1327	transient residence within the state; address, location or
1328	description, and dates of any known future temporary residence
1329	within the state or out of state; date and county of disposition
1330	and each crime for which there was a disposition; a copy of the
1331	offender's fingerprints and a digitized photograph taken within
1332	60 days before release; the date of release of the sexual
1333	offender; $\underline{\text{all}}$ and home telephone $\underline{\text{numbers}}$ $\underline{\text{number}}$ and $\underline{\text{any}}$ cellular

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telephone numbers; information about any professional licenses

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the offender has, if known; and passport information, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, information about documents establishing his or her immigration status number. The department shall notify the Department of Law Enforcement if the sexual offender escapes, absconds, or dies. If the sexual offender is in the custody of a private correctional facility, the facility shall take the digitized photograph of the sexual offender within 60 days before the sexual offender's release and also place it in the sexual offender's file. If the sexual offender is in the custody of a local jail, the custodian of the local jail shall register the offender within 3 business days after intake of the offender for any reason and upon release, and shall notify the Department of Law Enforcement of the sexual offender's release and provide to the Department of Law Enforcement the information specified in this subparagraph and any information specified in subparagraph 2. which the Department of Law Enforcement requests.

The department may provide any other information considered necessary, including criminal and delinquency records, when available.

Section 8. Subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section 985.4815, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on juvenile sexual offenders.—

(4) A sexual offender, as described in this section, who is under the supervision of the department but who is not committed  $\underline{shall}$  must register with the department within 3 business days after adjudication and disposition for a registrable offense and otherwise provide information as required by this subsection.

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requirements.

1364 (a) The sexual offender shall provide his or her name; date 1365 of birth; social security number; race; sex; height; weight; 1366 hair and eye color; tattoos or other identifying marks; the 1367 make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number 1368 of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender and all 1369 vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual 1370 offender's resides and that may be used by the sexual offender; 1371 permanent or legal residence and address of temporary residence 1372 within the state or out of state while the sexual offender is in 1373 the care or custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of 1374 the department in this state, including any rural route address 1375 or post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence; address, location or description, and dates 1376 1377 of any current or known future temporary residence within the 1378 state or out of state; and the name and address of each school 1379 attended. The sexual offender shall also produce his or her 1380 passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an 1381 alien, shall produce or provide information about documents 1382 establishing his or her immigration status. The offender shall 1383 also provide information about any professional licenses he or 1384 she has. The department shall verify the address of each sexual 1385 offender and shall report to the Department of Law Enforcement 1386 any failure by a sexual offender to comply with registration

(b) If the sexual offender is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall provide the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's

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enrollment, volunteer, or employment status. Each change in enrollment, volunteer, or employment status <u>must shall</u> be reported to the department within 48 hours after the change in status. The department shall promptly notify each institution of the sexual offender's presence and any change in the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.

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- (b) The sheriff's office may determine the appropriate times and days for reporting by the sexual offender, which <u>must shall</u> be consistent with the reporting requirements of this subsection. Reregistration <u>must shall</u> include any changes to the following information:
- 1. Name; social security number; age; race; sex; date of birth; height; weight; hair and eye color; fingerprints; palm prints; address of any permanent residence and address of any current temporary residence, within the state or out of state, including a rural route address and a post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence; address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state; passport information, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, information about documents establishing his or her immigration status; name and address of each school attended; date and place of any employment; the vehicle make, model, color, registration number, and license tag number of all vehicles that are owned by the sexual offender and all vehicles that are owned by a person who resides at the sexual offender's residence and that may be used by the sexual offender; fingerprints; and photograph. A post office box may

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shall not be provided in lieu of a physical residential address.

The offender shall also provide information about any professional licenses he or she has.

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- 2. If the sexual offender is enrolled, employed, volunteering, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education in this state, the sexual offender shall also provide to the department the name, address, and county of each institution, including each campus attended, and the sexual offender's enrollment, volunteer, or employment status.
- 1431 3. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a motor 1432 vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured home, as defined 1433 in chapter 320, the sexual offender shall also provide the 1434 vehicle identification number; the license tag number; the 1435 registration number; and a description, including color scheme, 1436 of the motor vehicle, trailer, mobile home, or manufactured 1437 home. If the sexual offender's place of residence is a vessel, 1438 live-aboard vessel, or houseboat, as defined in chapter 327, the 1439 sexual offender shall also provide the hull identification 1440 number; the manufacturer's serial number; the name of the 1441 vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat; the registration 1442 number; and a description, including color scheme, of the 1443 vessel, live-aboard vessel, or houseboat.
  - 4. Any sexual offender who fails to report in person as required at the sheriff's office, ex who fails to respond to any address verification correspondence from the department within 3 weeks after the date of the correspondence, or who knowingly provides false registration information by act or omission commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082, 775.083, and 775.084.

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1451	Section 9. Paragraph	s (g) and (	i) of subsection (3) of	
1452	section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:			
1453	921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking			
1454	chart			
1455	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY	RANKING CHA	ART	
1456	(g) LEVEL 7			
1457				
	Florida	Felony		
	Statute	Degree	Description	
1458				
	316.027(1)(b)	1st	Accident involving death,	
			failure to stop; leaving	
			scene.	
1459				
	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious	
			bodily injury.	
1460				
	316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily	
			injury or death to another	
			person; driving at high	
			speed or with wanton	
			disregard for safety while	
			fleeing or attempting to	
			elude law enforcement	
			officer who is in a patrol	
			vehicle with siren and	
			lights activated.	
1461	207 25 (2) ( ) 2	2 1		
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in	

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			serious bodily injury.
1462			
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and
			negligence or intentional
			act resulting in great
			bodily harm, permanent
			disfiguration, permanent
			disability, or death.
1463			
	409.920	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2) (b) 1.a.		\$10,000 or less.
1464			
	409.920	2nd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2) (b) 1.b.		more than \$10,000, but
			less than \$50,000.
1465			
	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license.
1466			
	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license which results in
			serious bodily injury.
1467			
	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine
			without a license.
1468			
	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic

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	2-00528B-14		2014528
			medicine without a
			license.
1469			
•	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic
	400.111(1)	314	medicine without a
4.450			license.
1470			
	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric
			medicine without a
			license.
1471			
	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy
			without a license.
1472			
	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry
	403.013(1)	JIU	without a license.
1 470			without a license.
1473			
	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without
			a license.
1474			
	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy
			without a license.
1475			
	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or
	100.020(1)	024	dental hygiene without a
			license.
1 47 6			license.
1476			
	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery
			without a license.

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1477	2-00528B-14		2014528
1477	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a license.
1479	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without a license.
1480	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics without a license.
1481	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription.
1482	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a license.
1402	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.
1483	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency
			or payment instruments

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1484	2-00528B-14		2014528 exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business.
1485	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money services business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1486	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by financial institution.
1487	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure to register; failure to renew driver driver's license or identification card; other registration violations.
1488	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working where children regularly congregate.
	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false

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	2-00528B-14		2014528 information about a sexual predator; harbor or
1489			conceal a sexual predator.
	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a person by a person other than the perpetrator or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.
1490			
1491	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another (manslaughter).
	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being or viable fetus by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless manner (vehicular homicide).
1492	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the operation of a vessel in a reckless manner (vessel homicide).
1493	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally causing

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	2-00528B-14		2014528
			great bodily harm or
			disfigurement.
1494			-
	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using
			deadly weapon.
1495			
1133	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery;
	704.043(1)(D)	2110	perpetrator aware victim
			• •
4.40.6			pregnant.
1496			
	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of injunction or
			court order.
1497			
	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of court order.
1498			
	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
			enforcement officer.
1499			
	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on
			sexually violent predators
			facility staff.
1500			ractife, coart.
1300	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggregated bettern on a
	764.06(2)(a)	ISC	Aggravated battery on a
			person 65 years of age or
			older.
1501			
	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on

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	2-00528B-14		2014528 specified official or employee.
1502	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
1503	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
1504	787.06(3)(a)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services.
1505	787.06(3)(e)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services by the transfer or transport of any individual from outside Florida to within the state.
1506	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
1307	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under specified

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1508			circumstances.
1509	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or deliver hoax bomb.
1510	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1511	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
1512	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1513	790.23	1st,PBL	Possession of a firearm by a person who qualifies for the penalty enhancements provided for in s. 874.04.
1313			

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	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.
1514			
1515	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under  18 16 years for prostitution.
1516	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years of age; offender less than 18 years.
1517	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
1518	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.
	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied

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	2-00528B-14		2014528
			dwelling; unarmed; no
			assault or battery.
1519			
	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied
			dwelling; unarmed; no
1 5 0 0			assault or battery.
1520	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied
	010:02(3)(4)	2110	conveyance; unarmed; no
			assault or battery.
1521			
	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized
			emergency vehicle.
1522			
	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at
			\$100,000 or more or a
			semitrailer deployed by a
			law enforcement officer;
			property stolen while
			causing other property
			damage; 1st degree grand
			theft.
1523			_
	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo
			valued at less than
			\$50,000, grand theft in 2nd degree.
1524			zna degree.
1024	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency
	012.011(2)(0)0.	2110	respond beaten, emergency

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	2-00528B-14		2014528 medical equipment; 2nd degree grand theft.
1525	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle.
1526 1527	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more.
1527	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
1529	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
1530	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
1531	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value greater than \$50,000.

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1532	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
1533	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
1534	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.
	817.2341 (2)(b) & (3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
1535 1536	817.535(2)(a)	3rd	Filing false lien or other unauthorized document.
1330	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.

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1537	2-00528B-14		2014528
1538	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or disabled adult and property is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000.
1538	827.03(2)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
1540	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.
1340	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about alleged capital felony to a law enforcement officer.
1541	838.015	2nd	Deibons
1542	030.013	2110	Bribery.
1543	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.
_010	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public

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	2-00528B-14		2014528
			servant.
1544			
-	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
1 - 4 -	030.22	2110	Did campering.
1545			
	843.0855(2)	3rd	Impersonation of a public
			officer or employee.
1546			
	843.0855(3)	3rd	Unlawful simulation of
			legal process.
1547			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1017	843.0855(4)	3rd	Tartini destina e 6 e e contrito
	843.0855(4)	3ra	Intimidation of a public
			officer or employee.
1548			
	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child,
			via a computer service, to
			commit an unlawful sex
			act.
1549			acc.
1349			
	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor
			to commit an unlawful sex
			act.
1550			
	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human
			body.
1551			2001.
1001	054 0540141		
	874.05(2)(b)	1st	Encouraging or recruiting
			person under 13 to join a
			criminal gang; second or
			subsequent offense.
1			

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1552	874.10	1st,PBL	Knowingly initiates, organizes, plans, finances, directs, manages, or supervises criminal gang-related activity.
1554	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.
	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for

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			religious services or a
			specified business site.
1555			
	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine
			(or other s. 893.03(1)(a),
			(1) (b), (1) (d), (2) (a),
			(2) (b), or (2) (c) 4.
4556			drugs).
1556	000 105 (1) (0) 1	1st	Musefialing in semplis
	893.135(1)(a)1.	ISC	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less
			than 2,000 lbs.
1557			chan 2,000 ibs.
1007	893.135	1st	Trafficking in cocaine,
	(1)(b)1.a.		more than 28 grams, less
			than 200 grams.
1558			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in illegal
	(1)(c)1.a.		drugs, more than 4 grams,
			less than 14 grams.
1559			
	893.135(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			phencyclidine, more than
			28 grams, less than 200
4565			grams.
1560	002 125 (1) (-) 1	1	mus 664 alviu us in
	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than 5
			200 grams, ress than 3

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			kilograms.
1561			
	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			amphetamine, more than 14
			grams, less than 28 grams.
1562			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (g)1.a.		flunitrazepam, 4 grams or
			more, less than 14 grams.
1563			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1) (h) 1.a.		hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
			1 kilogram or more, less
1564			than 5 kilograms.
1364	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
	(1)(j)1.a.	150	Butanediol, 1 kilogram or
	(1)())1.a.		more, less than 5
			kilograms.
1565			KIIOGIAMS.
1303	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (k) 2.a.		Phenethylamines, 10 grams
	( ) ( )		or more, less than 200
			grams.
1566			
	893.1351(2)	2nd	Possession of place for
			trafficking in or
			manufacturing of
			controlled substance.

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1567	2-00528B-14		2014528
1568	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1569	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1570	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent residence; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1571	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1572	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or

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providing fals	
offender; hark	or or
conceal a sexu	al offender.
943.0435(14) 3rd Sexual offende	r; failure
to report and	reregister;
failure to res	pond to
address verifi	cation;
providing fals	e
registration i	nformation.
1574	
944.607(9) 3rd Sexual offende	r; failure
to comply with	reporting
requirements.	
1575	
944.607(10)(a) 3rd Sexual offende	,
to submit to t	-
a digitized ph	otograph.
1576	
944.607(12) 3rd Failure to rep	
providing fals	
offender; hark	
conceal a sexu	
1577	ar offender.
944.607(13) 3rd Sexual offende	r: failure
to report and	,
	reregister;

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	2-00528B-14			2014528
				address verification;
				providing false
				registration information.
1578				
	985.4815(10)		3rd	Sexual offender; failure
				to submit to the taking of
				a digitized photograph.
1579				
	985.4815(12)		3rd	Failure to report or
				providing false
				information about a sexual
				offender; harbor or
				conceal a sexual offender.
1580				
	985.4815(13)		3rd	Sexual offender; failure
				to report and reregister;
				failure to respond to
				address verification;
				providing false
				registration information.
1581				
1582	(i) LEVEL 9			
1583				
	Florida	Felony		
	Statute	Degree		Description
1584				
	316.193	1st	DUI mar	nslaughter; failing to
	(3) (c) 3.b.		render	aid or give information.
1585				

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	327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing to
			render aid or give information.
1586			
	409.920	1st	Medicaid provider fraud; \$50,000
	(2) (b) 1.c.		or more.
1587			
	499.0051(9)	1st	Knowing sale or purchase of
			contraband prescription drugs
1500			resulting in great bodily harm.
1588	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or
	360.123(6)(D)3.	150	payment instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$100,000 by money
			transmitter.
1589			
	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by
			unauthorized person, currency, or
			payment instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$100,000.
1590			
	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial
			transactions totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000 by financial institution.
1591			
	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.
1592	500 04/41		
	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to
1593			commit premeditated murder.
1593			

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	2-00528B-14		2014528
	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in connection
			with arson, sexual battery,
			robbery, burglary, aggravated
			fleeing or eluding with serious
			bodily injury or death, and other
			specified felonies.
1594			
	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
			perpetrating or attempting to
			perpetrate a felony enumerated in
			s. 782.04(3).
1595			
	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an
			elderly person or disabled adult.
1596			
	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or
			reward or as a shield or hostage.
1597			
	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit
			or facilitate commission of any
			felony.
1598	505 04 (4) ( ) 4	4	
	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to
			interfere with performance of any
			governmental or political
1599			function.
1099	787.02(3)(a)	1a+ DDT	False imprisonment, child under
	101.U2(3)(d)	1st <u>, PBL</u>	False imprisonment; child under age 13; perpetrator also commits
			age 13, perpetrator also commits

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			aggravated child abuse, sexual
			battery, or lewd or lascivious
			battery, molestation, conduct, or
			exhibition.
1600			
	787.06(3)(d)	1st	Human trafficking using coercion
			for commercial sexual activity of
			an unauthorized alien.
1601			
	787.06(3)(g)	1st,PBL	Human trafficking for commercial
			sexual activity of a child under
			the age of 18.
1602		_	
	787.06(4)	1st	Selling or buying of minors into
1603			human trafficking.
1603	790.161	1st	7-t-owntod conitol doct-mosting
	790.161	ISC	Attempted capital destructive device offense.
1604			device offense.
1004	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or
	750.100(2)	130,100	attempting to use a weapon of mass
			destruction.
1605			
	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim
	,		less than 12 years of age.
1606			1 · · · · · · J · ·
	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger
			than 18 years and commits sexual
			battery on a person less than 12

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1607			years.
	794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years or older, certain circumstances.
1608			
	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual conduct with minor 12 to 18 years by person in familial or custodial authority.
1609			
	794.08(2)	1st	Female genital mutilation; victim younger than 18 years of age.
1610			
	796.035	1st	Selling or buying of minors into prostitution.
1611			
	800.04(5)(b)	Life	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years;
1612			offender 18 years or older.
1012	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other deadly weapon.
1613			
	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other deadly weapon.
1614			
1615	812.135(2)(b)	1st	Home-invasion robbery with weapon.
1013	817.535(3)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or other

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 ${f CODING:}$  Words  ${f stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${f underlined}$  are additions.

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			unauthorized document; second or
			subsequent offense; property owner
			is a public officer or employee.
1616			
	817.535(4)(a)2.	1st	Filing false claim or other
			unauthorized document; defendant
			is incarcerated or under
			supervision.
1617			
	817.535(5)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or other
			unauthorized document; second or
			subsequent offense; owner of the
			property incurs financial loss as a result of the false instrument.
1618			a result of the larse instrument.
1010	817.568(7)	2nd,	Fraudulent use of personal
	017.000(7)	PBL	identification information of an
			individual under the age of 18 by
			his or her parent, legal guardian,
			or person exercising custodial
			authority.
1619			
	827.03(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.
1620			
	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise transferring
			custody or control, of a minor.
1621			
	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise obtaining
			custody or control, of a minor.

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1622			
	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing bacteria, radioactive materials, viruses, or chemical compounds into food,
			drink, medicine, or water with intent to kill or injure another person.
1623			F
	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking offense.
1624			
	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 10,000 lbs.
1625			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
	(1) (b) 1.c.		400 grams, less than 150 kilograms.
1626			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more
	(1) (c) 1.c.		than 28 grams, less than 30 kilograms.
1627			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more
	(1) (d) 1.c.		than 400 grams.
1628			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
	(1) (e)1.c.		than 25 kilograms.
1629			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more

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 ${f CODING:}$  Words  ${f stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${f underlined}$  are additions.

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	(1)(f)1.c.		than 200 grams.
1630			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1) (h) 1.c.		hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 10
			kilograms or more.
1631			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 10
	(1)(j)1.c.		kilograms or more.
1632			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
	(1) (k) 2.c.		400 grams or more.
1633			
	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering, financial
			instruments totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000.
1634			
	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions to evade
			reporting or registration
			requirements, financial
			transactions totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000.
1635			
1636	Section 10. Th	is act sha	all take effect October 1, 2014.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Topic	Bill Number 528
Name GAIL COLLETTA	(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
Job Title President FLORIDA ACTION COMMI	(if applicable)
Address 7054 PALAZZO REALE	Phone 561 3054959
Speaking: For Against The State Sip	E-mail gail@ Floridaaction
Speaking: Against Information	committee.org
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as man	all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this By persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S_001 /10/20/44\

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number 528
(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
(if applicable)
Phone 727/897-929/
E-mail justice 2 jesus @yphoo.com
t registered with Legislature: Yes No
1

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

1/13/2014

S-001 (10/20/11)

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

///3/14 Meeting Date			5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Topic <u>Sex 0</u>	Henses	Bill Nur	
NameS	ilver	Amend	(if applicable) ment Barcode
Job Title			(if applicable)
Address PD B	30x 1565	Phone	850-524-2394
Tallaha City	SLC Fi State	<u> </u>	Kervaraybornansultants.com
Speaking: For		ormation	•
Representing	Florida Sheriffs	Ussociation	
Appearing at request of Ch	nair: Yes No	Lobbyist registere	ed with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition t meeting. Those who do speak	to encourage public testimon k may be asked to limit their	ny, time may not permit all person remarks so that as many person	ns wishing to speak to be heard at this as as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Topic	Bill Number SB 528
Name Dr. Suzoalie Klinie	Amendment Barcode
Job Title EXPLAT CONSULTANT / FORMER Administrator Relation Statusty Violen	+ pulker. Pregran
Address 1280 Timberlant 122 Street	Phone (800) 321-4075
Tally, Fe 32310	E-mail D_ Khalif @ Outleak. Way
Speaking: Against State Zip  State Zip  Information	
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Ų	n/13/2014				
λ	deeting Date			,	•
Topic	Sex Offenses			Bill Number	SB 528
					· (if applicable)
Name	Mary Coffee			_ Amendment Barcoo	
Job Tit	le Planning and Policy Administrator			-	(if applicable)
Addres	s 2331 Phillips Road Street			Phone 850-410-878	34
	Tallahassee	FL	32308	E-mail marycoffee@	ngfdle.state.fl.us
	City	State	Zip		
Speaki	ng: For Against	✓ Informati	on		
Re	presenting Florida Department of L	aw Enforcemer	nt		
Appea	ring at request of Chair: Yes 🔽	]No	Lobbyi	st registered with Legis	slature: Yes 🔽 No
	is a Senate tradition to encourage publi g. Those who do speak may be asked to				
This fo	rm is part of the public record for this	: meetina.			S-001 (10/20/11)

# CourtSmart Tag Report

Type:

Room: LL 37 Case: Caption: Senate Criminal Justice Committee Judge: Started: 1/13/2014 4:04:49 PM Ends: 1/13/2014 5:01:01 PW Length: 00:56:13 4:04:51 PM Chair Evers calls the meeting to order 4:05:01 PM roll call 4:05:06 PM quorum present 4:05:32 PM SB 494 by Senator Benacquisto 4:05:52 PM Senator Benacquisto presents bill 4:06:49 PM Keri Silver, Florida Sheriffs Association, waives in support 4:07:20 PM Brian Pitts, Justice-2-Jesus, speaks on bill 4:11:00 PM Senator Benacquisto closes on bill 4:12:17 PM roll call 4:12:47 PM SB 494 reported as favorable 4:13:13 PM SB 526 by Senator Bradley 4:13:58 PM Senator Bradley explains bill 4:14:18 PM Amendment 599744 4:14:48 PM Without objection, show amendment adopted 4:15:02 PM Amendment 676612 4:15:12 PM Without objection, show amendment adopted 4:15:31 PM Senator Smith asks question 4:15:42 PM Senator Bradley responds Brian Pitts, Justice-2-Jesus, speaks on bill 4:16:17 PM 4:19:27 PM Senator Smith in debate on bill 4:20:56 PM Chair Evers in debate on bill 4:22:01 PM Senator Bradley waives close Senator Dean moves a CS 4:22:42 PM 4:22:47 PM roll call 4:22:52 PM CS/SB 526 reported as favorable 4:23:13 PM SB 528 by Senator Evers 4:24:04 PM Criminal Justice committee staff explains bill 4:26:47 PM Gail Colletta, President of Florida Action Committee, speaks on bill 4:28:28 PM Senator Dean asks a question 4:29:18 PM Ms. Colletta answers 4:29:37 PM Senator Dean with a follow-up question 4:30:13 PM Ms. Colletta responds 4:30:51 PM Chair Evers responds 4:31:01 PM Senator Smith clarifies the reporting is for law enforcement, not public domain Chair Evers responds 4:31:33 PM 4:32:28 PM Senator Gibson asks about profiling and comments on bill Ms. Colletta continues speaking on bill 4:33:55 PM 4:35:22 PM Senator Gibson responds 4:36:39 PM Mary Coffee, FDLE, answers about email addresses 4:37:38 PM Chair Evers makes comment 4:38:36 PM Senator Simmons asks question of Ms. Colletta 4:39:00 PM Ms. Colletta answers 4:39:26 PM Senator Simmons with a follow-up question 4:39:56 PM Ms. Colletta answers about what should be done to reduce recidivism 4:41:05 PM Senator Simmons with follow-up Ms. Colletta answers 4:43:12 PM Ms. Colletta refers questions to Dr. Kline 4:44:36 PM

Dr. Suzanne Kline speaks on the need for risk assessments

Chair Evers asks question of staff

Senator Simmons asks a question about residency restrictions for sex offenders

Senator Simmons responds, and asks 2 more questions 4:48:06 PM Dr. Kline answers

4:45:27 PM

4:46:15 PM 4:47:11 PM

4:47:21 PM

4:53:10 PM	Senator Dean asks for clarification
4:54:42 PM	Chair Evers- What is the difference between DOC's classification and Dr. Kline's?
4:55:14 PM	Dr. Kline answers
4:55:40 PM	Follow-up from Senator Dean
4:55:50 PM	Dr. Kline answers
4:56:47 PM	Senator Dean responds
4:58:26 PM	Chair Evers
4:59:33 PM	Close on bill
5:00:15 PM	roli call
5:00:18 PM	SB 528 reported as favorable
5:00:36 PM	Senator Gibson moves we rise



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Military Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations Subcommittee on Finance and Tax Children, Families, and Elder Affairs

Criminal Justice Environmental Preservation and Conservation

JOINT COMMITTEE:

Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR THAD ALTMAN 16th District

January 13, 2014

The Honorable Greg Evers, Chair Senate Committee on Criminal Justice 308 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chair Evers:

I respectfully request an excused absence for the Committee on Criminal Justice meeting on January 13, 2014 at 4:00 pm. Please contact me or my Legislative Assistants Rick Kendust or Selene Bruns if you have any questions.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Thad Altman

cc:

Chris Clark, Senate President Chief of Staff, 409 The Capitol Amanda Cannon, Staff Director, 510 Knott Building Sue Arnold, Committee Administrative Assistant, 510 Knott Building

TA/svb

REPLY TO:

☐ 6767 North Wickham Road, Suite 211, Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 752-3138

□ 314 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5016

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov